THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1869. | VOLUME II---NUMBER 107

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 21.

Homicide in Augusta.

A telegram from Augusta, published in our morning edition, informs us that on yesterday, Mr. W. R. McDonald was shot, and instantly killed, by John P. Foster, a butcher there. Passengers by the morning train state, that Mr. McDonald had lost a cow, and found the hide on, or at the stall of Mr. Foster, in the lower market house. An altercation ensued. Mr. Foster attempted to fire, when McDonald knocked the pistol aside, the ball lodging in the leg of Foster. Foster then fired twice at McDonald, the first shot taking effect in the stomach, and the second in the breast of McDonald. McDonald was a man of family. Foster is a brother-in-law of Blodgett, Treasurer on the State Road.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

The Radical Pow-Wow of the Twenty-Second.

A Radical meeting has been called for the 22nd in Atlanta. The *Era* publishes a little circular showing that it is to be a meeting of employees of the State Road to protect their interest.

Whether it is simply this, or contemplates something broader, is a matter of surmise. Bryant in his paper proposes a plan of settlement of matters generally in Georgia. This is the pith of his plan.

It is safe to say that the test oath will not be imposed upon the members of the General Assembly of any reconstructed State. We believe that most, if not all of our readers, will agree with us that this question has been settled. The cause of the split in our party has, therefore, been removed, and we can now, we trust, unite. We propose the following propositions as a basis of settlement:

1. Let Governor Bullock call the General Assembly together before Congress meets.
2. Let the General Assembly re-seat the colored members.
3. Let Congress enforce the Fourteenth Amendment in all the States, Georgia included.
4. Admit Senators from Georgia.
5. Let the General Assembly ratify the Fifteenth Amendment.

If Governor Bullock does not call the General Assembly together—

1. Let Congress take no action in Georgia matters until the General Assembly meets and re-seats, or refuses to re-seat, the colored members.

If the colored members are re-seated—

1. Let Congress enforce the Fourteenth Amendment in all the States.
2. Admit Senators from Georgia.
3. Let the General Assembly ratify the Fifteenth Amendment.

If the General Asembly does not re-seat the colored members—

1. Let Congress call together the original members of the General Asembly.
2. Expel the members ineligible under the Fourteenth Amendment.
3. Admit our Senators.
4. Let the General Assembly ratify the Fifteenth Amendment.

In other words, the platform we propose is—

1. Re-seat the colored members of the General Assembly.
2. Congress enforce the Fourteenth Amendment in all the States.

Whether this announcement of policy has anything to do with the meeting, can not now be said. Whether Angier will be read out of Radicalism, the result will *show*. The Treasurer certainly will have *the best* thing done for him, if it happens, that could occur. He is in bad company, and a compulsory expulsion would show that he is not bad enough for his company.

The probabilities, however, are that it is a State Road matter.

For some time Blodgett has been making desperate efforts to oust Hulbert from the Superintendency of the road. His intrigues have been numerous and well-planned. Influential Radicals are helping him. The intrigues and counter-intrigues have been interesting.

It is thought the conspiracy against Hulbert is to come to a head at this meeting. The game is deep on both sides. Hulbert has employees under him to whom he is opposed. They are put upon him by Gov. Bullock, as a reward for party services. There are outsiders who want to get on the road. These various parties are all material for Blodgett's conspiracy.

It is thought that Bullock is not altogether free from jealousy of Hulbert, and that hence the latter has a precarious tenure of office.

The *Era* of a day or two back, contained the following item:

Col. E. Hulbert has, we learn, received the appointment of President, or Superintendent, of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad—known as the Wills Valley Railroad—with headquarters at Chattanooga.

This may have some significance in connection with the movement.

There is no doubt that Hulbert has made a favorable impression out of the State as a railroad manager, and particularly in Tennessee and Alabama. If he falls, he will fall lightly. If he holds on despite stratagems and treasons, we tell him and we tell Governor Bullock, that it is due to the Superintendent, whoever he may be, to allow him to make his own appointments. No man can run a railroad well, who can't select his own hands, and control them. The power to expel for incompetency or neglect of duty is indispensable to a good management. This is the course of the present system of State Road government. The mixture of politics is almost inevitable, and as damaging as it is sure.

We look with interest to the result of the battle between Blodgett and Hulbert.

Georgia News.

Great activity in the lumber business.—*Sav. Republican.*

Railroad soon to be completed. Let us rejoice. Editor presented with ten varieties of apples.—*Newnan Defender.*

Savannah Medical College opened on Monday with a fair attendance.—*Sav. Advertiser.*

H. H. Penny elected Marshal. Polk Superior Court adjourned until 3d Monday in November.—*Rome Commercial.*

Moses Pittman dead. Disease destroying chickens. People of Milledgeville favor removal of Oglethorpe College to Macon.—*Milledgeville Union.*

Annual stealing on the Ogeechee, by negroes, commenced. Splendid passenger car for Brunswick and Albany road, arrived.—*Savannah News.*

We hope the Executive Committee will invite Parker Pillsbury to attend the State Fair, and practically illustrate before the assembled thousands the application of a fine-tooth comb to the negro.—*Macon Telegraph.*

Fair grounds being put in splendid order. Many distinguished gentlemen to be present. Many of the old citizens who moved away will come. Gin house, and several bales of cotton, property of A. S. Reid, Jr., destroyed by fire. Dr. Stephen B. Habersham will locate in Eatonton, and Dr. W. C. P. Jones has returned.—*Eatonton Press.*

The Central road, now the lessee of the Southwestern and Mobile and Girard Companies, is contemplating the erection of large depot buildings at this point. Six-teen hundred feet of new hose have been ordered by the city. Two or three wagons, drawn by oxen, with apples for sale, in town, from Carroll county, 30 miles distant. $2 50 per bushel demanded for apples.—[*Col. Sun.*

Shadrach Winn (colored) bound over for killing a colored woman for stealing potatoes out of his patch, for "involuntary manslaughter in the commission of an unlawful act." James Henry Bane, a negro with several aliases, arrested for theft. He answers to the description of the negro who murdered the Marshal of Covington. Negro Labor Convention organized with Jeff Long as President. 232 delegates, representing 80 counties, in attendance.—*Macon Telegraph.*

Col. James L. Seward, of Thomasville, has been elected President of the Camilla and Cuthbert railroad, and Capt. W. L. Walthour, Secretary and Treasurer, and A. L. Haines, Assistant. The following gentlemen are the Directors: Mr. Joseph Scullay, Gen. A. H. Colquitt, Major W. D. Williams, of Baker county, and Capt. W. L. Walthour, Col. W. M. McLendon, Capt. T. C. Lyons, and James L. Seward, of Thomasville.—*Milledgeville Recorder.*

Mr. Robert A. Bacon, a former citizen of Columbus, has charge as Assistant Superintendent of the upper division of the Evansville, Henderson and Nashville Railroad. Moonshine, love, cabbages, and apple wagons, have, for some days, been the most plentiful and cheapest commodities in town. The visit of Bishop Kavanaugh well embrace the third and fourth Sundays in November next. F. A. Fairchild, for many years a resident of Columbus, died in Bridgeport, Connecticut, on the 6th of October. He was a tailor by trade, and left here just after the close of the war.—[*Columbus Enquirer.*

The defunct "Freeman's Standard," once the organ of liberty and the colored people, and edited by Rev. James Sims, colored was the cause yesterday of a difficulty between the ex-editor and Frank Loyd, also colored, and one of the stockholders of the late paper. A gentleman from the interior desired to purchase some of the material of the defunct publication, and this led to an angry discussion between the two colored men as to who was the real owner of the property. Like the woman and husband—one swore it was his, and the other it wasn't—culminating finally in a physical contest. No lives were sacrificed, and the difficulty was adjusted.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

☞ See Fourth Page.

Oglethorpe College.

Although several pieces have been written on this subject, we think its importance will allow of much discussion yet. Dr. Wilson estimates that there are one hundred boys now in Atlanta, who ought to be in College. Let us suppose that twenty-five of this number will be able to enjoy this privilege next year. According to his estimate, there would be an annual saving of six hundred dollars to the boy, if we had a College in our midst. This makes for the twenty-five, fifteen thousand dollars of our earnings that would be kept at home for investment. Now, it is fair to presume that there would be fifty young men come to our College from other places. By the same estimate, their coming would make our merchants and boarding house keepers the gainers of thirty thousand dollars annually. To be sure we are right, we will say these fifty boys will leave with us yearly fifteen thousand dollars. And then there will be at least five officers of the institution, whose salaries will average fifteen hundred dollars each; that makes seven thousand five hundred more, and of that amount, we may safely say, that five thousand will find a permanent investment here; the whole making a clear yearly gain to Atlanta, of thirty-five thousand dollars. People of Atlanta, here are plain facts, no man can gainsay them. You are noted for your quick perception in business matters. Have you had in the past, or have you any thing in prospective, that can give any such encouraging promise of being speedily remunerative? We will not, we can not, suppose that such a wide-awake population as Atlanta has, will fail to see the financial gain accruing from the acceptance of this proposition. There is not a newsboy who would not do well to add his mite to this proposed subscription. We must raise this money; if it can't be done by private subscription, let your council appropriate it, it will all be returned with interest in less than four years. Now as to location, Dr. W. informs us that three offers of ground have already been made. Does either of them suit. Let us see what constitutes elligibility. 1st. We must have healthiness. 2nd. We want our students to be as free as possible from all those temptations that boys are so apt to yield to. 3rd. We want them to be surrounded by an atmosphere of refinement and morality, and 4th. We want natural beauty of country, especially of college grounds. Has either of the places mentioned, any or all of these requisites? We wil turn first to Peachtree Street, and by the time we are out of the corporate limits we are into the nuisance of Peachtree creek. Yet this is not all, there is no society beyond town in that direction and a good deal of the land on this road is held by speculators, men who would sell to any one for the largest amount of money. For aught the Trustees could tell, the very adjoining lot to the college might be built up for a lodge of prostitution. Peachtree won't do; what of West End? Where we have society and railroad advantages. So far so good. But then West End is already a corporate town that has whisky shops in full operation; and hard by are the United States Barracks, full of idle soldiers, always ready for a row with squads of boys as they pass to and from the city. What of McDonough? Before you get fairly out of town in that direction, you approach the vicinity of another creek. All of these places have serious objections. What shall we do. While I write, I am reminded that we have not made the whole circuit of the city yet. The Georgia Railroad runs into town on the dividing ridge between the waters that flow respectively into the Atlantic and the Gulf. A short distance from town on this road is the little villege of Kirkwood, inhabited by as moral and refined a people as can be found in the whole South. If the fountain of health can be found in Georgia, surely that is the place. There are not, nor can there be any whisky-shops there, and then there is Kirkpatrick's grand old grove of fresh trees; so beautiful, so sublime in their native majesty that the dullest boy must show some kindlings of poetic fire in his soul after he has haunted them for a short time Eureka! This is the place. Now raise your forty thousand and let us have the College.

I know not if the grove can be obtained for this purpose; but I dare say that if money and persuasion can accomplish it, the citizens of Kirkwood will be ready to tender it as a part of their subscription.

"F."

ORIGINAL ANECDOTE.—*Mr. Editor:* The eminent names of Hillman, Swain, Dues and Dodge are like household words in North Carolina. One was at one time Governor of the State, another Judge of the Supreme Court, and all of them were distinguished men and lawyers.

In going the rounds of the Circuit, on one occasion, they all happened to meet in a little village in one of the back counties. Sitting in the Court House one day, and having nothing else to do at the time, Dodge wrote the epitaph of his compeers, and left it lying on the desk of Judge Dues.

The document was in the following words:

"Here lies a Hillman and a Swain,
Whose lot let no man choose;
They lived in sin and died in pain,
And the Devil got his *Dues*."

These gentlemen who were the victims of Dodge's wit, determined to be revenged as soon as an opportunity was offered, which was not long, for soon that gentleman was engaged in an important case, and while making a brilliant speech, they, or one of them, wrote the following in retaliation:

"Here lies John Dodge who *dodged* all good,
But could not *dodge* all evil;
For with all the *dodging* he could do,
He could not *dodge* the Devil." HAG.

[*Columbus Sun.*

Light Melange.

I.

THE BIG BUGS OF NEW YORK.

Yet this is New York life. Of course there are educated and quiet and refined people in New York. But they do their galloping on the side tracks. The men of New York, who make the New York world, are the Wall street stock brokers and money dealers, newspaper men, manufacturers of patent medicines, heroes of successful railroad combinations, and occasionally a menagerie man like Fisk, who prefers a "ring" to a circus. How could it be otherwise? What man in this country can expect to inherit property enough to live at the rate fast New York lives at? How many men engaged in any reasonably respectable and legitimate business can hope to accumulate a fortune, which will enable them to rival the lavish expenditure here, that is fast approaching that of the days of decaying and luxurious Rome. No one pays a thousand dollars yet awhile for a fish, nor do they cut aqueducts through mountains for the purpose of supplying a pond, where they occasionally fatten their pets on human flesh. But there are men who have given entertainments which cost ten thousand dollars, and it was only a short time ago that a broker, who had "made a turn," sent his check for $25,000 in a bouquet, to a dancing girl, whose graceful contour had attracted his attention on the boards at Niblo's. Such men are proud of all this, and naturally. It is a glory for them to feel that they are self-made, and that they know that it is not every one who has been brought up to deal in coppers, to measure with yard sticks, and to pick bones in the scullery, who can throw aside the trammels of early education, bargain for millions, traffic on a grand scale, and play host to General Grant, Secretary Boutwell, and others of the *elites* of this great country.

II.

AN ASTOUNDING PARAGRAPH.

Somebody came out in a three-column article in the Banner against Johnson, and signed himself "A. C. C." It is the general opinion here that Foote was the author of it. It reads very much like the honorable Henry. The very first sentence contains about one hundred and fifty words, all piled pell-mell on top of each other like a stack of ginger-cakes at a country fair. By the time you have read half through this tremendous sentence, you forget the first part, and have to go back again. By the time you get to the end you have forgotten the drift of both the beginning and the middle, and have to retrace your steps back to the commencement of the heap. A good scholar, with Webster's unabridged under his nose, and by giving the sentence his undivided attention for an hour and a half, may take in its meaning by clinching a point at a time, and not to try to swallow it all at once. This extraordinary sentence has done Johnson much harm by being placed right at the beginning of the article, and keeping people from reading it. After carrying a while to get over the pile of boulders at the gate, they would necessarily have to give in up, and consequently probably not a dozen people read the tremendous effort. If all could have read it, Johnson would have been a much stronger man.

III.

THE HIGHEST TYPE OF FREEDOM.

"I believe we can nowhere find a better type of a perfectly free creature than in the common house-fly. Not free only, but brave; and irreverent to a degree which I think no human republican could by any philosphy exalt himself to. There is no courtesy in him; he does not care whether it is king or clown whom he teases; and in every step of his swift mechanical march, and in every pause of his resolute observation, there is one and the same expression of perfect egotism, perfect independence and self-confidence, and conviction of the world's having been made for flies. Strike at him with your hand, and him the mechanical fact and external aspect of the matter is what to you it would be if an acre of red clay, ten feet thick, tore itself up from the ground in one massive field, hovered over you in the air for a second, and came crashing down with an atm. That is the external aspect of it; the inner aspect to his fly's mind, is of a quite natural and unimportant occurrence—one of the momentary conditions of his active life. He steps out of the way of your hand, and alights on the back of it. You can not terrify him, nor govern him, nor persuade him, nor convince him. Your fly, free in the air, free in the chamber—a black incarnation of caprice—wandering, investigating, flitting, flirting, feasting at his will, with rich variety of choice in feast, from the heaped sweats in the grocer's window, to those of the butcher's back-yard, and from the galled place on your cab-horse's back to the brown spot in the road, from which, as the hoof disturbs him, he rises with angry republican buzz—what freedom is like his?

☞ A London correspondent of the Chicago Journal, thus describes Mr. Vernon Harcourt, "Historicus:" "He is six feet two inches in hight, and straight as an arrow, but spare in frame, not yet having reached the period when men of his stature usually expand into rotundity. His features are bold and prominent, pleasing without being exactly handsome, and his eye is like that of an eagle's. His hand is the smallest, and whitest, and most perfectly beautiful one that I ever saw attached to a lady's wrist, and, if I am not mistaken, he is fully conscious of his physical perfection, and if he has an evident weakness it is revealed in a tendency to its display."

☞ The New York Democrat talks about Mrs. Stowe having "made a fool of herself by sticking her head in Byron's grave and flopping her feet in the air."

☞ Mrs. George H. Pendleton and children left Cincinnati Friday night for Europe. They were accompanied by Mr. Elliott Pendledon and Mr. John R. McLean, son of Washington McLean, Esq.

☞ Pen cannot describe the anxiety, interest and excitement now prevailing in Nashville upon the subject. No previous Senatorial contest ever awakened so much feeling, and it is not probable that the future has anything in store for us which will equal it.

☞ The Boston Post says: "Samuel Hecht was found dead in his bed in New York, his cold hand clenching a Saturday's Tribune containing an essay on political economy. It had killed him."

ENCOURAGING TO PLANTERS.—A New York special of the 15th to the New Orleans Picayune says: A special telegram received from Manchester, England, reports that recent sales of cotton goods cleared out producers, and prices are very steady.

☞ In a recent case in the United States District Court of Baltimore, which has been appealed to the Supreme Court, it was shown that three leading national banks of Baltimore have been lending as high as eighty per cent. of their capital for speculative purposes.

ORANGE GROVES.—The Palatka Herald says there are sixty orange groves on the east side of the St. John's River, ranging between Federal Point and Dunn's Lake, a distance of about twenty miles, all of which are in fine condition.

☞ The Irish Churchman tells its readers that five Irish Roman Catholic priests have, during the last month, renounced the errors of their faith, and have been received into the Irish Church in Dublin.

☞ A good deacon whose slumbers were nightly disturbed by the fluttering of swallows in the house chimney, set a bundle of straw on fire in the fire-place, when down came 359 swallows in the flames, and were picked up dead.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—A person here thoroughly acquainted with the position of Tennessee politics, has analyzed the ballots, and thinks Johnson may come within six votes of an election, but his final triumph is impossible. Etheridge out of the race.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The Royal English Duke of Edinburg was entertained by Mikado at Yeddo, with grand festivities. Edinburg departed for Pekin as a private citizen. The Emperor of China has refused a State reception.

The assassination of the British Minister at Yeddo was attempted. It is reported that Prince Satsuma and another powerful Prince, quarreled and that war will likely follow. The ship Flying Scud, which left Yokehoma, August 17th, encountered a Typhoon and it is feared all are lost. A number of executions have taken place at Yeddo. Eneomotto has been sentenced to death.

Returns of the judicated elections are in favor of the Democrats.

The steamer Sierra Nevada, hence the 16th of September, for San Louis, was lost; the passengers were all saved.

It has been raining all day, and has been the cause of a great loss of the grain exposed awaiting transportation.

The America from Hong Kong, brings a large invoice of Celestials.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21, noon.—Stocks steady. Money 5a7. Sterling—long, 9⅛; short, 9¼. Gold 1 30⅝. 1862s, 20. Tennessee ex-coupons, 61; new 53⅞. Virginia ex-coupons 50; new 53. Louisianas, old 67; new 67. Levees 63a63½; 8s, 65. Alabama 8s, 92½; 5s, 61. Georgia 6s 84⅞; 7s, 90½. North Carolinas, old 47; new 40. Flour unchanged. Wheat dull, drooping. Corn dull and 1c lower. Pork quiet at 30 62½. Lard dull. Cotton quiet: uplands 26½. Turpentine steady at 47a47½. Rosin firm—common 2 20; strained 2 25. Freights firm.

LONDON, October 21, noon.—Consols 93⅝. Bonds 81⅞.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 21, noon.—Cotton opens quiet; uplands 12⅛a12¼; Orleans 12⅛a12⅝; sales 8,000 bales. Red Western wheat 9s. 6d. Flour 24s. 6d.

Later.—Breadstuffs quiet. Pork firm at 110s. Lard heavy at 71s.

PARIS, October 21, noon.—Bourse opened quiet; rentes 71f. 22c.

HAVRE, October 21.—Cotton opened quiet and steady for both; on the spot, 148½f.

LOPEZ.

The Last of Him—His Last Defeats—His Cause Goes Down Gloriously.

The dispatches sent home, state that Lopez is at his new capital of Peribebuy, where with his small army strongly intrenched, he awaited the long-threatened attack of the allies. After several successful reconnoissances, the allied army divided into three columns, advanced on the 11th of August, the roads along which they moved being very steep and almost impracticable. The latter part of the difficult march was made during the night, and at daybreak on the morning of the 12th, the army was within a half a rifle shot of the town of Peribebuy. Position was immediately taken and a terrible cannonade was opened on the tower from three sides, no fewer than 45 pieces being employed in hurling shot upon the devoted place. After two hours incessant firing, orders were given to advance, the Count d'Eu commanding in person. The allies made a simultaneous attack on three different points, and after a desperate but brief struggle, they became masters of the town, Lopez making a rapid retreat further into the interior. Eleven flags, 16 pieces of cannon of heavy caliber, and 850 prisoners fell into the hands of the allies, who found likewise in Peribebuy a lot of silver plate, many documents in the hand-writing of Lopez and of Madame Lynch, a good deal of rich furniture and procelain, and a large quantity of valuables of various kinds. The day after this victory Lopez was driven from Azarra, to which he had retreated, the allies having followed vigorously in pursuit. He then retreated in the direction of Caraguala; but, three days after, another engagement, not less memorable than that of the 12th, took place between the first two divisions of the allied army, and a part of the remainder of the Paraguayan army. This time the fight lasted eight hours—from 8 in the morning till 2 in the afternoon. How gallantly, desperately, heroically, the Paraguayans fought may be inferred from the fact, that when at last superior numbers compelled them to retreat, they left 2,000 of their dead on the field. On the occasion the allies took 15 cannon, a large number of wagons, and a great quantity of baggage, including the effects of the Vice-President Sanchez. Among the prisone's were several important personages. Gen. Caballero, who commanded the Paraguayan troops on this occasion, was killed, but not until by his stubborn resistance he had put the courage of the first division of the allied army to the severest test. That portion of the Paraguayan army that escaped retreated further into the mountains, still followed by the allies, advancing in three columns. On the 18th inst., the middle column, under Gen. Victorino, came at a place called Garagratar, upon a battery of 12 pieces of artillery, defended by 1,600 men. An attack was immediately made, and again the Paraguayans, fighting with that desperate courage which only such fanaticism as possesses these people can inspire, fell in hundreds, covering themselves, as the phrase goes, with glory. When the battery had been at length captured, 1,000 of the 1,600 men defending it were stretched in death around the spot; 200 lay bleeding from terrible wounds; 123 were taken prisoners; so that not quite 300 of this truly Spartan band made their escape. After this last fight it was discovered that the Paraguayans had burnt the six steamers they had had on the river Mandrevira. It is said that the baggage of Madam Lynch has been captured, and also one of the Ministers of Lopez. As to the Dictator himself, accompanied only by his body guard, he had fled toward Bolivia, both pursued by a cavalry force of 5,000 men, while the Brazilian Admiral has gone up the Mandustra with several vessels in the hope of intercepting the fugitive chief. As may be supposed, from the desperation with which the Paraguayans fought, the allies suffered heavily in all the above battles, losing in that of Peribebuy alone nearly 800 men in killed, the wounded being over 300. At this battle the Brazilian General, Menra Baretto fell, pierced by two balls. The bravery of the Paraguayans was most stubborn in defense; that of the allies was in no lesser degree dashing in attack. To use a term which it is unfortunate should ever be applied to butchery, but which is very expressive in a case of this kind, their fighting on both sides in these last battles was really splendid. Thus has ended the four years' struggle, the interest of which has been continually increasing, until latterly it had become really intense, and the incidents of which, for the dramatic effect, if for nothing else, will hereafter furnish to a competent hand, materials for one of the most interesting chapters in the entire range of military history. Whatever may have been the errors—let us even say the crimes—of Lopez the ruler, it is impossible not to admire the great capacity, the wonderful energy and the indomitable pluck of the man; while as to the devotion of the Paraguayan people to their country and their chief, all that can be said is that patriotism like theirs has seldom been equaled, never surpassed. The members of the Provisional Government of Paraguay were formally installed on the 15th of August, and are now engaged in preliminary measures for recognizing the Republic of Paraguay.

☞ Mr. Etheridge is about fifty years of age, and a North Carolinian by birth. He is an able man, a good speaker, and has been in public life a number of years. In personal appearance he is rather good-looking, and is always pleasant and affable in conversation.

Miscellaneous.

MR. AND MRS. W. H. TURNER,

BEG to inform their friends and customers, that they have returned from New York with a well assorted and carefully selected

Stock of Millinery,
FANCY GOODS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,

And an endless variety of Yankee Notions, which they offer at a small advance on New York cost. Also, a full assortment of Musical Instruments, both large and small. We have, also, secured the sole Agency of the world renowned Steinway Piano Fortè. Parties wishing to purchase, would do well to call and examine these instruments, which we are enabled to sell at Factory Prices. We still retain the agency of other celebrated Pianos, which are off red at lower prices than ever before in this market. New and Second-hand Pianos for rent.

☞ Agents for Singer's Sewing Machines.

oct14-d1m

FIRE, INLAND, LIFE
—AND—
Marine Insurance!

C. B. WELLBORN,

General Agent and Adjuster of Losses.

OFFICE--Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

REPRESENTING:

Aetna Fire Insurance Co., Of New York.

Merchants' Fire Insurance Company, Of Hartford, Conn.

Merchants' and Mechanics' Insurance Company, Of Baltimore,

Washington Fire Insurance Company, Of Baltimore,

Phœnix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Of Hartford, Conn.

july29-d3m

Clothing at Wholesale.

R. P. S. KIMBRO & CO.,

Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.

WE beg to inform our Friends and the Public, that we are now opening the largest and choicest Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

Ever offered in this City, and propose doing a Wholesale Jobbing Business. Having associated ourselves with one of the largest Manufacturing Houses of Philadelphia, we are enabled to sell goods as low as any House in the country, and respectfully invite you to call and examine our Stock, as we mean what we say in regard to low prices.

We will keep constantly on hand a full stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods for Men's Wear.

Do not fail to call and examine our Stock before making your purchasers, as we believe we can make it to your interest to buy your goods of us.

R. P. S. KIMBRO & CO.
sept1-d3m Atlanta, Georgia.

"Direct Trade with Europe."

J. H. ASHBRIDGE, of New Orleans. J. S. HUTTON, of Macon, Georgia.

J. H. ASHBRIDGE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL

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LIVERPOOL.

ASHBRIDGE, SMITH & CO., NEW ORLEANS.

Consignments Solicited. Particular attention given to the sale of Southern Lands to European Capitalists and intending Immigrants. Orders for Foreign Goods executed on best Possible Terms. may1-d1y

FRIEDBERGER & STROUSE

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS,

RIBBONS, LACES, FLOWERS,

FEATHERS, STRAW GOODS, etc.

113 and 115 North Eighth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

HAVE just received, direct from Europe, a full Stock of Fall and Winter Millinery Goods, consisting of every thing kept in their line. We shall keep throughout the season, a large supply of Trimmed Bonnets and Hats, of the latest styles. Cash buyers will find it to their interest to examine our Stock. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Extra inducements offered to the trade. Satisfaction guaranteed oct15-d2m

Dickson's Compound.

WE are agents for the sale of the above

Celebrated Fertilizer!

and are prepared to furnish it in large or small quantities,

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES,

Freights only added.

Call and get a Circular and learn how Mr. Dickson, of Hancock county, made his fortune.

CARROLL & KETCHUM,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Corner Broad and Hunter streets,
oct20-d2m Atlanta, Ga.

WM. WOOD & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS AND UPHOLSTERS, keep on hand all qualities of Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases; also, all kinds of Wood Coffins. Will attend to Funerals at any hour, with a beautiful first class Hearse furnished or for hire. Carriage, etc., will be furnished. All kinds of Upholstery work done. Furniture repaired, varnished, etc.

☞ Office—Broad street, near the Post-office. All orders will be promptly attended to.

apr29-d1y.

Agricultural Paper!

THE SOUTHERN FARM AND HOME.

WE propose to issue on the 15th of November, and on the 15th of every month thereafter, a paper of Thirty-two pages, to be devoted exclusively to Agriculture, Horticulture, and matters relating to the Field and Fireside. While we do not disparage any of the agricultural publications which are now receiving public patronage, we do not believe that any of them exactly covers the ground which we propose to occupy. We intend to issue a First-class Paper, both as to Matter and Execution. We shall employ the best talent which the country affords in every department, and we intend to spare no pains to make the paper a reliable authority to all seeking information on everything relating to the Farm and the Household. Eminent practical agriculturists will contribute articles concerning the preparation and culture of the soil. Skilled Horticulturists and fruit growers will keep our readers posted in regard to the Garden and Orchard. Persons of acknowledged experience and skill in the raising and care of stock will devote their attention to this important subject. The domestic department of the household, the kitchen, the larder, the store room, and the fowl yard—with approved recipes in all branches of housewifery, shall be attended to carefully. We have made arrangements to illustrate the text with appropriate Wood Engravings, and while the greater portion of the paper will be devoted to the instruction and benefit of the heads of the house, the amusement of the Young People shall not be neglected. The covers and a few pages at the end of each number of the Southern Farm and Home will be reserved for advertisements, and will be a most valuable medium for business men to communicate with the public.

As we propose to issue a large edition of the first number, which will be published the day previous to the commencement of the State Fair, we would invite our friends and patrons to make early application for the limited space which we can set apart for advertisements.

TERMS:

Single copy 1 year	$2 00
Three copies 1 year	5 00
Five copies 1 year	7 50
Single copy, three years	1 00

Invariably in advance.

Address J. W. BURKE & CO.,
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Drugs, Medicines, Etc.

DR. GUILMETTE'S
DOUBLE DISTILLED
Extract of Juniper.

DR. GUILMETTE, Physician and Chemist of 40 years, experience, after many costly trials, has succeeded in producing a pure JUNIPERINE EXTRACT, *warranted free* from the *deleterious oils usually found in foreign and domestic Gins*, and which, by their action upon the fluids and tissues of the body, aggravate the disease, rather than effect a cure.

THIS PURE EXTRACT OF JUNIPER

Is a pleasant healthful beverage, and is superior to all other remedies for

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
DEBILITY OF STOMACH and BOWELS,
CHOLIC,
DYSPEPSIA,
FLATULENCY,
GRAVEL,
DIABETES,

And all Diseases of the Urinary Organs.

Read the Testimony of Prof. Geo. B. Wood, one of our highest authorities:

"Juniper is Gently Stimulant, Cordial to the Stomach, Carminative, and Diuretic. *The Diuretic is very decided.* It answers an excellent purpose in Dropsy, as an Alternative in Scorbutic and Eruptive Disorders, and as a Gentle Stimulant in Debility of the Stomach and Bowels."

Guaranteed to be Chemically Pure.

For sale by

PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO., Druggists,
ATLANTA, GA.

The Great Medicine of the Age,
COMPOUND
Extract of Stillingia,
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

The most Powerful and Infallibe Vegetable Alternate known.

Warranted a Certain Cure for

All Scrofulous Diseases, Ulcers, Chronic Rheumatism, Mercurial and Syphilitic Diseases in all stages, and all Skin Diseases. It quickly removes Virus from the Constitution and Blood, and restores the patient to perfect health and purity. *Try it and be convinced.*

Prepared in the Laboratory of

PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
ATLANTA, GA.

For Sale at Low Prices:

10.000 POUNDS PURE LEAD,
100 kegs English Bicarb Soda,
500 oz. Sulph Quinine,
100 pounds Balsam Copaiva,
200 gallons Alcohol,
200 pounds Gum Camphor,
500 gallons Linseed oil,
500 boxes Window Glass,
50 oz. Sulph. Morphine,
100 pounds Blue Mass,
500 gallons Varnishes, (all sorts,)
50 pounds Iodide Potassium,
200 gallons Spirits Turpentine,
2,000 pounds Putty,
100 pounds Calomel,
200 pounds Spirits Nitre,
100 pounds Refined Borax,

Large stocks of

Pure Drugs, Medicines,
CHEMICALS,
Instrumets, Patent Medicines,

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS, STOCK, Etc.

On hand, and for sale, at the lowest prices. Call and examine stock and prices.

PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO.
july4— Atlanta, Ga.

DR. RICHAU'S
GOLDEN REMEDIES,

ASK for no other, take no other, and you will save time, health and money.

$1,000 REWARD for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to cure.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1 cures Ulcers, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Mouth, Sore Eyes, Cutaneous or Skin Eruptions, Copper Colored Blotches, Soreness of the Scalp, Scrofula, &c.; is the greatest Renovator, Alterative and Blood Purifier known, removes all diseases from the system, and leaves the blood pure and healthy.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2 cures Mercurial Affections, Rheumatism in all its forms, whether from mercury or other causes; gives immediate relief in all cases. No dieting necessary. I have thousands of Certificates proving the miraculous cures effected by these Remedies. PRICE of either No. 1 or No. 2, $5 00 per bottle, or two bottles for $9 00.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ANTIDOTE, a safe, speedy, pleasant and radical cure, for all Urinary Derangements, accompanied with full directions PRICE $3.00 per bottle

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ELIXIR D'AMOUR, a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, in old or young; imparting energy with wonderful effect. PRICE, $5.00 per bottle or two bottles for $9.00.

On receipt of price these remedies will be shipped to any place. Prompt attention paid to all correspondents. None genuine without the name of "Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN REMEDIES, D. B. RICHARDS, sole Proprietor," blown in glass of bottles. Address

DR. D. RICHARDS,
No. 228 Varick St., New York.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Circulars sent july4-d1y

Miscellaneous.

VULCAN WORKS,
Chattanooga, Tenn.
S. B. LOWE
GENERAL PARTNER,

ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of

COMMON BAR IRON,
TIRE,
ROUNDS,
SQUARES,
HORSE SHOE,
BAND,
HOOP,
PLOW PLATE, etc.
—ALSO—

To RAILROAD COMPANIES, a superior quality of IRON, manufactured from Tennessee Charcoal Pig and Bloom,

HAMMERED CAR AXLES,
DRIVING AXLES,
BRIDGE BOLTS,
Freight and Passenger Car IRONS, complete,
PISTON RODS,
SHAFTING.
—ALSO—
All sizes FLAT, ROUNDS and SQUARES.

Address S. B. LOWE
apr121-d1y Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. C. BIBB,
Commission Merchant,
Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

HAS taken the Fire Proof Warehouse of the Georgia Loan and Trust Company, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the public. Liberal Cash advances will be made on

Cotton, Tobacco, Grain, Flour,

and all other articles of Merchandise consigned for storage and sale. He will also fill orders for purchase of Cotton and other articles of Merchandise or sale. july24-d1y

LAST NOTICE.

CITY TAX PAYEES who have not paid their tax upon Real Estate, for the present year, can do so at my office, at the City Hall, until the twenty-sixth instant. As executions have been issued against all that have not paid, and after that date all property upon which executions has issued against will be levied upon.

This notice is intended for all who have not paid, and I hope that all such will call at ONCE and save me the unpleasant duty of advertising their property, and themselves of paying an extra bill of cost.

JOHN THOMAS, Marshal.
Atlanta, Ga., October 6, 1869-d1d

Savannah Notices.

TRADE MARK.

SOLOMONS' BITTERS

—IS THE—

BEST TONIC

NOW IN USE.

IT CURES DYSPEPSIA,

RESTORES

THE SHATTERED CONSTITUTION,

AND WILL WARD OFF

CHILLS and FEVER.

PREPARED AT THE LABORATORY OF

A. A. SOLOMONS & CO.,

Druggists, Savannah, Ga.

The above at wholesale and retail by PEMBERTON, WILSON, TAYLOR & CO., REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Ga., and Druggists generally. aug11— junel-d6m

G. H. ANDERSON. | J. W. ANDERSON.
R. W. ANDERSON. | A. H. COLE.

John W. Anderson's Sons & Co.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
Anderson

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Official Journal of the City.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 22.

The Tennessee State Fair.

This great fair at Nashville is proving a success. Eight thousand people were in attendance the first day. The exhibition of blooded stock and cattle was fine.

☞ We acknowledge the courtesy of official invitations to attend the Virginia State Fair, near Richmond, beginning on the 2d of November. And also the East Alabama Fair, at Opelika, the same day.

We thank the authorities for these invitations, but regret that it will be out of our power to accept.

Alaska.

Sometime back, it will be remembered, that Mr. Seward gave a rosy account of the value of Alaska. This frigid spot is a pet of the statesman of the tinkling bell, and he is much interested in making it out great shakes.

Gen. Geo. H. Thomas has made a personal inspection of the country, and pronounces it good for nothing. It has some coal and iron, but we have plenty nearer home. It is worthless for farming. He advises as little expense as possible in governing it.

It would be a fine idea to make it the headquarters of Radicalism, and turn it over entire to that political heresy, with Seward as Grand Cyclops.

Our Shipping Interests.

During the reign of Radicalism in this country for the last eight or ten years, there has been a steady decline in the shipping interests of the country. And each day it continues. This stands out a salient evil of Radical policy—an undoubted disastrous result of Radical rule.

It has bothered the Solomons of black Republicanism no little to change this thing. The truth is, that it is simply the consequence of a theory pernicious in its whole ramifications. Radicalism is all wrong, built upon a wrong basis, constructed of wrong principles, and inevitably bad results.

It destroys constitutional government, it breeds excessive taxation, it creates and keeps alive a huge public debt, it stirs up war in time of peace, it overrides law, it disregards the consent of the governed. And among the special evils it accomplishes the destruction of our once magnificent and valuable shipping interests.

Congress appointed a committee to look into the causes of this thing. That committe is now holding its meetings in the New York Custom House.

The discussions have been interesting. It was contended that free trade in ships was needed, that the American registry of foreign built ships should be allowed, and not prohibited, as is now done, so that American ship owners can buy ships where they please; that ship stores should be free of duty here as they are in England.

The New York Ship Owners' Association was before the Committee, and contended against free trade in ships.

It is surmised that the committee will recommend Congress to re-pass the old law, that ships under our flag must have three-fourths American seamen, and that vessels can be transferred back that, during the war, were placed under foreign flags by American ship owners.

The latter thing should never have been prevented.

COMMERCIAL CONVENTION.

LAST DAY.

LOUISVILLE, October 16, 1869.

A Committee was appointed to thank President Grant for his message to the Convention.

The Committee on miscellaneous business reported a resolution to the end that all cities or towns situated on navigable rivers, whose exportations exceed $10,000, be made ports of entry.

Both the majority and the minority reports on Chinese immigration were lost, when voted on, leaving the subject just where it was before, being referred to a Committee.

The thanks of the Convention were by resolutions tendered to Mr. Fillmore, to the people of Kentucky, and to Col. Blanton Duncan, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, also to the ladies of Kentucky, reporters of the Press, and to the Telegraph Companies for the free use of its wires by the Convention.

A Committee was appointed to memorialize Congress, to appoint some place in the Mississippi valley, for holding a World's Fair in 1871, after which a motion to adjourn was adopted, whereupon President Fillmore dismissed the Convention with the following remarks:

REMARKS OF PRESIDENT FILLMORE.

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: Before I put this motion I desire most respectfully and heartily to return my thanks for the honor you have done me in making me your presiding officer, and for your expression of approbation. It has been my fortune in the course of a long life to have been connected with many deliberative bodies from the lower house in my own State to the Senate of the United States, and I trust you will allow me to say that I feel that this Convention in point of intellectual capacity will compare favorably with any other. [Applause.] I trust and hope, that the sentiment which has animated this Convention, composed of men from all parts of the country East and West, North and South, may have a salutary effect in restoring peace, real peace to the whole country. [Applause.]

I never expect again to be connected with a public body. I regret to part with you, but I leave with that satisfaction that your labors have been effective and harmonious. Hoping that great good will result from your deliberations, I retire from public labor with the close of our business of to-day. In pursuance of my duty, I now adjourn this body without delay."

Thus ends my report of the proceedings of the Louisville Commercial Convention.

S. A. E.

THE HARVEST IN EUROPE.—By mail from Europe we have the following *resume* of the harvest prospects prevailing at the great food supply centres, on the first of October, as reported in Paris:

The accounts of the havest in Germany are very unequal, varying in different districts from good to far below the average yield. On the whole, the grain harvest of middle Germany was below the average; that of the Southern States was far better. From Austria we hear that the yield of corn is considerably smaller than in the last two years; the same is true of Roumania. The Russian harvest is stated to have been good, and the crops have nowhere failed so completely as in some places last year. The fodder is everywhere poor, with the exception of a few mountainous districts. There has been very little clover, and both the hay and surrogate have been much injured by the unfavorable weather. On the other hand there has been a good deal of straw. Both potatoes and beets have suffered from the heat and drought of July and the rain in August. The disease has also appeared with more or less virulence in some parts. The hopes entertained for the potato harvest are not, therefore, high; but it is said that the beet is improving. The hops are said to be in a very poor condition, partly on account of the weather and partly from the insects and the disease, which have appeared in many gardens. Scarcely a quarter of the usual yield is expected. But little fruit has been gathered, and even what was is poor in quantity. This is particularly the case with apples and plums.

Nor will 1869 be numbered among the select vintages, as the quantity of grapes is small and their quality inferior.

WOMEN IN COUNCIL.

Shirley Dare on the Situation—Facts and Fancies for the Fashionable.

Despite the raw and breezy weather of yesterday afternoon, the devoted apostles of the woman's suffrage church came together in comforting force, at the bureau in Twenty-third street. There was a fair show of Fall fashions, of rare, if not rich, variety. One young lady wore a sailor's hat and a tuck around plaid shawl, such as members of the Alpine Club flutter in the fleecy atmosphere of Mount Blanc. Another wore a black and white plaid mantle, resembling the ebony board in a school room, covered with trigonometrical diagrams in chalk. Both designs were highly admired for their picturesque originality. Miss Anthony was dressed much as usual, with a chaste yet careless elegance. Mrs. Stanton presided.

Miss Shirley Dare, an authoress of serial fame, a Soroslan and a stranger to the suffrage bureau, was introduced, and read an essay with the interrogative caption, "What Shall Women do to Gain Suffrage?" the burden, proof and reply being that women are but half educated, consequently fail of efficiency in the work or business they undertake, and that when they qualify themselves, as men do, for the positions to which their natures are fitted, they can claim, with great force of argument, to share in the political privileges of the male sex. Miss Dare supplemented her essay with a few wayward remarks, prettily delivered, on woman's ways generally.

Mrs. Blake objected to an assertion in the essay that women could never be got to act in harmonious concert. She agreed, however, with the general drift that women were but very poorly educated. Most part of young girls' lives was devoted to catching a beau and a husband, to the neglect of those simple attainments in domestic knowledge which are so lamentably overlooked now-a-days by girls entering the matrimonial sphere. Mrs. Blake went on very feelingly to point out the many wants in life which women might better themselves by embracing, if they would only study to do so. She knew a lovely woman once who said if she had only the opportunity she would like to be a carpenter; there was something so exact and clean and nice about the business. Mrs. Blake proceeded to enumerate a variety of trades where women might take a hand in.

Mrs. Stanton suggested shoemaking as one that had been overlooked.

Mrs. Blake apologized for the omission, and waxed eloquent on the soul-inspiring theme. She continued, with a jaunty ease of manner and unruffled fluency of address, to paint the inanities of female life in the present age. In the domestic circle woman was housemaid and seamstress all the time—always sewing and never reaping. Outside she was a mere butterfly of fashion, and so on.

After a few remarks from the Chair (Mrs. Stanton) on the pure, true and noble standard to which women ought to elevate themselves, the meeting adjourned.—*N. Y. Herald.*

A Corn Panic---Its Effects in the West and in New York.

There is excitement and "downward tendency" in the grain market at Chicago. The Monday evening papers of that city furnish the following particulars. The Chicago Journal says:

Grain comes in more rapidly than wanted for shipment, under our recent pecuniary derangements, and there have been but few here who could command money enough to buy to hold. Our weakness has reacted on New York and sent that market down, while Liverpool has caught the same infection. Wall street gambling was the cause, but the proximate cause arose in Chicago. There was a good deal of short trading to-day, many being anxious to sell and others equally willing to buy, but with a decided preference for the buyer's option, which made buyer the month worth a great deal more than seller do.

With reference to the condition of the banks, under this favorable condition of things, the writer says:

The strain on the banks of this city, produced by the large amount of grain which has accumulated here, has been heavy. The panic in New York deprived the flour and grain dealers of New York City and State of the facilities of doing business, because they could not get accommodations to pay sight bills drawn on them to pay for grain shipped from here. There has been any quantity of orders here to buy grain, to be paid for by bills drawn at thirty days, and it is useless for the banks of this city, without an increase of capital, to attempt to furnish funds for the whole of the transactions in grain from the hands of the producer to the consumer in the Eastern and foreign markets.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says of wheat: Advices from other points have been of an unfavorable character, and the orders have generally been withdrawn. The city millers are, in most cases, limiting their purchases to immediate wants, as they have not much confidence in prices, and the present rates for flour afford them no profit. The receipts of wheat have not been large, and the supply has not exceeded the demand, and there being more disposition to sell, concessions were in some cases granted.

The prices of corn are lower. The distillers have been buying pretty freely at the interior points, and are not in the market to any extent at present, and the demand from the local dealers is not equal to the receipts.

The New York Express says: The late financial crisis in Wall street, which has demoralized speculation, is now gradually extending to the channels of legitimate business. The New York merchants complain of a steady falling off in trade, when the fall business ought to be very active [In Baltimore it is very fair.] Advices from different sections of the country speak of business being unsatisfactory, while in some great depression exists. The latter is particularly applicable to the grain trade at Chicago and other lake ports. Under the heavy decline in grain at the West, producers are not sending their grain to market freely at present, and this is clearly seen in the decreasing earnings of the Western railroads, while the farmer continues in debt to the Western merchant, and the Western merchant in turn is unable to liquidate his indebtedness to the Eastern merchant. Thus it will be seen that the depression in the grain trade affects injuriously, the great railway and mercantile interests of the country, the ramifications of which are extensive.

BONNER AND GRANT.

They Correspond About the Gold Bobble.

OFFICE OF THE LEDGER,
CORNER OF SPRUCE AND WILLIAM ST'S,
NEW YORK, October 11, 1869.

MY DEAR GENERAL: As I stated to you immediately after your election, that there was no office which I desired either for myself or any friend. I have had no occasion to write to you in regard to such matters. There is a matter now, however, that concerns you personally, and in which I feel that I discern your interest so plainly that I take the liberty to write to you with reference to it. I do this with less hesitation, because you did me the honor after your election to confide to me pretty fully your views. In the present disturbed state of the public mind concerning the recent gold combination, is it not the quickest and surest way to set at rest the great excitement and uneasiness which prevail, for you to make a brief denial over your own signature of all foreknowledge of that combination, in order to relieve yourself entirely from all responsibility for the acts of others? Of course, those who know you personally do not require such a disclaimer; but the great public, whose minds are liable to be warped by the determined and persistent efforts to injure you, will be, it seems to me, at once satisfied and quieted by such a statement. Sincerely yours,

To President Grant. ROBERT BONNER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 13, 1869.

ROBERT BONNER, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* Your favor of the 11th inst. is received. I have never thought of contradicting statements or insinuations made against me by irresponsible parties as those are alluded to in your letter, but as you have written to me on the subject, in so kind a spirit, I will say that I had no more to do with the late gold excitement in New York city than yourself, or any other innocent party, except that I ordered the sale of gold to break the ring engaged, as I thought, in a most disreputable transaction. If the speculators had been successful, you would never have heard of any one connected with the administration as being connected with the transaction. Yours, truly,

U. S. GRANT.

P. S.—I have written this in great haste, and without exercising judgment as to the propriety of writing it, but I submit it to your judgment. U. S. G.

Negro Labor Convention.

The grand conclave of negro wisdom met at the "Hub"—Macon—on Tuesday last—over two hundred delegates in attendance:

The following are the officers:

Hon. Jefferson F. Long, of Bibb, President.

VICE PRESIDENTS.—Hon. T. G. Campbell, of McIntosh, first Vice President; Hon. Phillip Joiner, of Dougherty, second Vice President; Hon. Abraham Smith, of Muscogee, third Vice President; Hon. George H. Clower, of Monroe, fourth Vice President; Hon. Moses Gardiner, of Richmond, fifth Vice President; Hon. James A. Jackson, of Clarke, sixth Vice President; Hon. William Cokine, of Cobb, seventh Vice President.

FOUR VICE PRESIDENTS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.—Rev. H. M. Turner, of Bibb; Hon. George Wallace, of Baldwin; Hon. Samuel Williams, of Harris; Rev. Wilson Beacham, of Sumter.

SECRETARIES.—Wm. J. White, of Richmond; James H. Devaux, of Jones; Wm. H. Artson, of Liberty; A. H. Gaston, of Bibb.

Committees were appointed on Manufacturers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Finance, General Labor, Masonry and Brick Work, Education, Professions, Outrages on Laboring Men, and Commercial Interests.

Rev. Louis Rose, a native African missionary, was invited to a seat on the floor of the Convention.

Dr. Badger, of Fulton county, moved that a committee of three be appointed to memoralize the Legislature in regard to the outrages that are committed upon colored people. Laid on the table for the present.

The President pitched into the Journal and Messenger and J. W. Burke & Co., and recommended the Convention not to patronize either.

The Committee on Education made the following report, which was adopted:

Your Committee beg leave to say that in their opinion many, if not all of the disadvantages under which the colored people of Georgia are to-day laboring, grows out of their great destitution in this respect. We know that many of them are doing every thing in their power to acquire an education themselves, and to educate their children, still with the lights before us, we think that much more might be done, and will, we believe, be done, if our people can be made to understand the vast importance of this subject to themselves and their posterity.

We have the honor, therefore, to recommend to the members of this Convention, and the people of Georgia, that in the future more attention be given to this subject, and that in every neighborhood the heads of families and others interested in the education and elevation of the colored race, unite themselves together for the purpose of establishing schools for themselves and children. The well-known maxim, "United we stand, divided we fall," holds good with us in the work of education. We must work together, so that the strong may help the weak, and all prosper together. We recommend that such arrangement be made by this Convention as they may deem necessary, to assist the people in securing teachers, and that a committee be appointed to memorialize the General Assembly of this State, at its next session, to at once pass the necessary laws to carry into effect that part of the Constitution of Georgia which provides that there shall be a public school law. We would further recommend to our people to employ no one to teach their children unless they be of good, moral character, believing, as we do, that it would greatly retard their elevation morally, to do so.

A Conscientious Man.

During the freshet on the Wabash, where the flat country on both sides of the river was inundated by the rising water, it became necessary for those in the way to escape to the mountains—the mounds that were made by the Indians for that purpose. A party of fugitives, on their way to a place of safety, overtook a man in a covered wagon, with a span of horses, standing still in the road, the water up to the hub of his wheels, and fast rising. He was sitting with a small book in one hand, and a whip in the other, reading a line loud, and then laying on the whip. They stopped a moment to listen, attracted by the man's curious conduct, and was surprised to hear him read:

"The wicked shall be turned into hell!"—(cut)—giving a frightful emphasis to this word. "Whoso believeth not shall be damned!"—(cut)—"How can ye escape the damnation of hell?"—(cut); and many more of the same character, yelling the emphasized words at the top of his lungs.

Wondering at his conduct, the fugitives asked what he meant. "Why," said he, "I am a Methodist minister, and restrained from swearing; but these horses were bought in a region where they were accustomed to hear such language, and I am endeavoring to come as near as possible, conscientiously, in order to induce them to move, but I'm—"

Here he consulted his book, leaving his hearers to imagine what he sought to give emphasis to, his hopelessness of making them stir a peg.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 18, 1869.

Col. Charles T. Pollard, President M. and W. P. Railroad—DEAR SIR: The large discrimination in rates of freight made by the Montgomery and West Point Railroad Company in favor of persons shipping to New York, Boston, etc., via Savannah, Ga., greatly impairs the interest I represent.

Other lines who are disposed to patronize our institution and compete for our freights are restrained from doing so by the arbitrary local rate required to be paid by citizens whose interest and desire are to encourage competition.

After a diligent investigation of the law, my able counsel advise me that there is no authority to prohibit the citizens of the State of Alabama from enjoying equal privileges and being uniformly benefitted by all railroads permitted by charters from their State Government to pass through their territory.

As a citizen of Alabama, I respectfully request, that you will cause a uniform rate of freight to be established by your roads, and grant loaded and empty cars of all Railroad Companies, equal facilities while coming to, and going from our city.

A desire to have the railroads leading from the Capital of our State, solvent and paying institutions prevents me from requesting you to establish a uniform rate at the low figures now charged persons who are shipping by the favored line.

An early reply is respectfully requested.

I am sir, with great respect,
Your Obedient Servant,
NORMAN C. JONES.

GOOD.—The Danville Times says that at the meeting of the Border Agricultural Society the other night, it was determined not to give such prominence to horse-racing at the future fairs.

GOT ENOUGH OF IT.—The New York Evening Post (Radical) is opposed to the acquisition of Cuba, on the ground that it will introduce more negro suffrage, of which the Post thinks we have as much already as can be well managed.

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS AS A MEDICINE AND BEVERAGE.—As a general beverage, a necessary corrector of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes, as Limestone, Sulphate of Copper, etc., the Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps is superior to every other alcoholic preparation. Its purity and exemption from all grossly intoxicating properties, combined with its mildly stimulating and invigorating elements, establish it as the only alcoholic beverage in our country that can be imbibed with pleasure and safety. The nervous torpor and debility which follow the administration of other alcoholic preparations and mixtures of the day, succeeded by their intense and painful nervous reactions, are unknown as the subsequent effects of the Schiedam Schnapps, even when taken so freely; while as a *Stomachic, a Tonic Appetiser*, it stands pre-eminent among the established curatives of the day.

A public trial of twenty years' duration, in every section of our country, of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps; its unsolicited indorsement by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation, have insured for it the reputation of purity and salubrity claimed for it by the proprietor on its original introduction to the public.

Put up in quart and pint bottles, handsomely wrapped in yellow paper.

For sale by all druggists, apothecaries and grocers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S ESTATE,
Sole Importers and Proprietors,
No. 22 Beaver St., New York.
Redwine & Fox, Agents, Atlanta.
oct18—d3m.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Revenue to-day $698,000.

Delano and Grant consulted to-day, about revenue removals and appointments.

Belknap takes charge of the War Department on the first proximo.

Bankers and brokers are again appealing to Delano; this time for relief against back assessments under recent rulings, covering fifteen months.

There are now four millions more fractional currency in circulation, than at any time since the first issue, but complaints from the South and West of its scarcity, are loud.

Receipts from internal revenue and customs for the current month, show a heavy decrease, but so far, warrants on the treasury have been light.

Another decrease of debt is expected.

Sherman has assigned the following additional officers to registration and election duty in Mississippi: Maj. Wm. Nelson, Capt. Oscar Hagen, Maj. Charles J. Velon Hermam, Maj. C. J. Wilson, Lieut. Louis P. Derby, Capt. George S. Spalding, Lieut. E. C. Henfshaw, Lieut. F. M. Lynde, Lieut. Wm. H. H. Cromwell.

The President has finally determined upon the appointment of Phillip Brauback, collector of the Third Texas District, vice Lane.

On the 1st of November $25,486,000 of coin will be required to pay the semi-annual interest on the five-twenty bonds. Now on hand about $84,000,000 in coin; $28,000,000 in coin-bearing certificates; about $8,000,000 in currency. After the payment of the draft required for interest, over $58,000,000 in coin will remain. No more will be required for the payment of interest until the 1st of January.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—The city papers for some time past have been ventilating the fact that the State was being defrauded out of money, amounting in the aggregate to several hundred thousand dollars, under color of law for the relief of the veterans of the 18th, 14th and 15th regiments, the general impression being, that there were not one hundred of this class living. In regard to this matter Judge Ables of the first district criminal court, yesterday assembled the grand jury and delivered a lengthy charge, the following is an extract: "I have felt it my duty to call you together in this summary manner to check and finally stop, if possible, one of the most daring and successful frauds that has yet been perpetrated upon the State Treasurer, and this is accomplished by wholesale perjury, subordinates of perjury, and it is believed by the complicity of officers. It is thought he alluded to the false, corrupt and fraudulent obtaining of warrants upon the State Treasurer by virtue of an act of the General Assembly, approved 1868, for the relief of volunteers who served under General Jackson at the battle of New Orleans."

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Five Spanish gunboats came to this port from Mystic, under convoy of a revenue cutter and yacht Anna, and have been placed under surveillance.

The Erie difficulty has not been fully adjusted. The men still refuse to work.

Hyacinthe remains very quiet. His presence excites less attention from Catholic than from Protestant divines.

The Daily News says that Jaygould was brought before the Grand Jury this morning and questioned regarding the recent gold corner. As the result of his testimony, Gen. Butterfield, sub-Treasurer, and A. R. Corbin, brother-in-law of Grant, together with others, have been indicted for conspiracy.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 21.—Arrived—Brig John Sherwood, from Boston; brig Nellie Gay, from New Orleans. Cleared—Caroline Hall, for New York; steamer Herman Livingston, for New York.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 21.—The case of the officers of the Cuba came up to-day. No decision. The Court adjourned till to-morrow.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 21.—A special dispatch from Nashville says that Johnson's vote on the fourth ballot to-day was 48, which is his highest strength. Necessary to a choice 54.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 21.—Several witnesses in the Brooks assassination case, have disappeared.

RALEIGH, Oct. 21.—Notwithstanding the incessant rain to-day, the attendance has been gratifying. At least six thousand persons on the grounds. The racing was good, although the track was heavy. Annual address was postponed until to-morrow.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Gladstone says, regarding the Fenian amnesty, that members of the government have carefully considered many memorials for the release of the political prisoners, which have been presented from time to time, and have unanimously decided, that such a release would be contrary to their duty as guardians of the public security and peace.

A personal interview between Francis Joseph, of Austria, and Victor Emanuel of Italy, is probable.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The bullion in bank has increased six millions of francs.

MADRID, Oct. 21.—At a recent session the Cortes resumed the consideration of and passed resolutions thanking the army for the efforts used to suppress the insurrection.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 21.—Cotton heavy, decidedly lower; sales 2,800 bales. Flour steady, with fair business. Wheat favors buyers; winter red Western 1 44a1 51½. Corn 2a3c lower; mixed Western 1 00a1 03. Pork a shade firmer at 30 75. Lard a shade firmer at 18a18½. Whisky unchanged. Turpentine 47a47½. Rosin 2 20a2 23. Freights firmer.

Governments closed firm. 1862s 20½. Southerns dull. Money steady at 5a7. Sterling firm at 9¾a9½. Gold active at 1 30¾. Stocks strong.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—Cotton quiet; nominally 26¼. Flour quiet; superfine 5 75. Wheat 1 45a1 50. Corn—white 1 10a1 12; yellow 1 08a1 10. Oats 58a60. Rye 1 58. Pork quiet at 33 00; shoulders 17¼a17½. Lard quiet 18¼a19. Whisky in good demand at 1 20a1 21.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 21.—Corn 85. Pork steady at 31 75. Bacon heavy at 17¼; sides 20¼. Lard 18½. Whisky 1 15.

CINCINNATI, October 21.—Corn dull at 85. Pork 31 00. Lard dull at 17¼a17½. Bacon dull; shoulders 16½; clear sides 19a19¾.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—Cotton opened active, but nothing done since receipt of evening Liverpool advices; market unsettled, nominally 24¾; sales 5,800 bales; receipts 5,373 bales. Flour: superfine 5 25. Bran 1 07½. Hay dull and lower at 27 00. Pork 33 00. Bacon quiet at 18¼a21a21¼. Sugar—3 hogsheads new centrifugal sold at 13½. Molasses—3 barrels new received sold at 1 25 per gallon; other articles unchanged. Gold 1 30¾. Sterling 42. New York Sight ¼a½ discount.

MOBILE, Oct. 21.—Cotton opened at outside and closed dull, nominal at quotations; sales 600 bales; middlings 24¼a24½; receipts 476 bales; exports 191 bales.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 21.—Cotton market opened 24½, but closed irregular; sales 593 bales; middlings 24a24½.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 21.—Cotton quiet and less firm; sales 300 bales; middlings 25¼; receipts, 1,369 bales; exports, coastwise 951 bales.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 21.—Spirits turpentine firmer at 42½. Rosin in fair request; lower grades of strained 1 52½; crude turpentine unchanged. Tar 2 00. Cotton quiet at 24½.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 21.—Cotton: receipts 2,464 bales; sales 400 bales at 25¼; market quiet; exports 1,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 21.—Evening—Cotton quiet; uplands 12d; Orleans 12¾d; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,500 bales.

☞ The Southern Commercial Convention at Louisville has met, deliberated upon various things, passed its resolutions, including a vote of thanks to its presiding officer, ex-President Fillmore, has heard his farewell address, and has adjourned. In point of utility, the Convention may be classed with a Woman's Rights conventicle, and its proceedings may be summed up in one word—twaddle. In the farewell of the venerable Fillmore, he said he should probable never attend another convention, and we are not surprised at his resolution; for this gathering of grannies involved to him a long journey, a considerable outlay, and nothing in return but twaddle—useless twaddle.—*N. Y. Herald.*

☞ Col. J. L. Pennington is now in New York, in the interest of the Opelika and Oxford Railroad. He will return in about ten days, and work on the road will be commenced by the first of November.

To Boot Makers!

I WANT Two (2) first-rate Boot Makers. Good wages and prompt payment. Apply to me, on Fifty street, Atlanta, Ga.

CHARLES HUGHES.

Auction Sales

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Two Small Houses on Stonewall Street.

I WILL SELL, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, Saturday morning, the 23 instant. Two Small, neat, new Houses that will rent well, near Evans' Chapel, on Stonewall street.

Also, Two Vacant Lots on same street.

All sold for cash; without reserve.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
oct22-d2t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Great Sale of West End Property,

—AND—

FREE BARBECUE AT POPLAR SPRINGS.

ON Tuesday, 26th October, commencing precisely at 11 o'clock, I will sell, upon the premises, thirty-one beautiful unimproved Lots, on that eminence south of Gordon and West of Lee streets. The lots are level, high and beautifully situated, accessible, close to West End Academy, near the terminus of the Street Railroad and surrounded by first class residences and good neighbors. After the sale at the Poplar Spring, I will have served a splendid Barbecue; a two year old "Bullock" and divers other animals, well vinegared and peppered. Many of Governor Brown's "Malish" are expected to be present. Conveyances will carry out and return visitors. Every body who wants a home in this delightful locality are invited to attend the sale.

Eight of these lots front on Gordon street, and are very desirable. Upon No. 4 there is a handsome Cottage. Terms—One-half cash; balance 3 and 6 months with interest.

Seven of these Lots front on Gordon and Lee streets, and are first-class business property, at the terminus of the Street Railroad. Terms—One-half cash; one-fourth in 90 days; one-fourth upon completion of Street Railroad to West End, the latter payment without interest. "Show your faith by your works," is a good maxim.

Sixteen of these Lots lie south of Baugh street, and for Cottage Residences are unsurpassed. Go out and examine these lots before the sale. All the property will be sold absolutely without reserve, with indisputable titles.

Terms—Half cash; one-fourth 90 days; one-fourth when Street Railroad is completed to West End, and latter payment without interest.

See plats at my office.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing.
oct22 d3t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

10 Heavily Timbered Lots,

One Mile from the State Fair Ground, on Western and Atlantic Railroad.

I WILL SELL, in front of my office, on Wednesday, the 27th October, at 10 o'clock, A. M., Ten Heavily Timbered Lots, containing about ten acres each, watered by bold springs and clear branches. Nine of these lots front on a public road immediately south of Jesse Cook's land. These lands are heavily timbered, well watered, accessible, close to the city and on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, near Bellwood Depot.

Parties wanting small farms for gardens, dairies, or orchards, are requested to call for a plat, examine the lots and attend the sale. Remember the hour, 10 o'clock, at my office, Wednesday morning, 27th instant.

Also, at the same time and place,

A Handsome Unimproved Lot on Oak Street,

Between Peachtree and Ivy streets. The lot fronts on both Oak and Ivy streets, is terraced, and foundation excavated, ready for building; in a superior neighborhood; all surroundings pleasant.

Terms—Half cash, and half 1st January next.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
Whitehall street, near the Railroad Crossing.
oct22-d3t

J. H. BARRETT & Co.'s

Auction Mart

—AND—

Real Estate Agency.

Peachtree Street.

IF you want a fine 6¾ Octave Rosewood Piano, cheap, go to Barrett & Co.'s auction mart.

If you want a Fine Melodeon, at less than New York cost, go to Barrett & Co.'s auction mart.

If you want Furniture of any kind, go to Barrett & Co.'s auction mart.

Barrett & Co. sells goods at Private Sale.

Barrett & Co.'s Auction Mart is the place to get bargains in Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Clothing, Furniture, etc.

Barrett & Co. has an auction every night of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, etc.

No matter what you want to buy, go to Barrett & Co.'s before you purchase elsewhere.

Barrett & Co. have Bedsteads, at $5, $6 and $7.

4,000 GRAIN SACKS

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Barrett & Co. have a Large Stock of Notions at Wholesale.

If you want Tents, Wagon Covers, Rubber Blankets, Canteens, etc., go to Barrett & Co.

If you want Real Estate and Merchandise, sold at auction or at private sale, go to Barrett & Co.'s.

Barrett & Co. solicit consignments of all kinds of Merchandise, and advance liberally on goods in store.

J. H. BARRETT & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
And Real Estate Agents,
oct10-aug-25-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

BOARDING.

Eight or Ten Day Boarders

CAN FIND GOOD FARE,

WITHIN three minutes' walk of Dodd's corner. Apply at this office. oct22-d6t

REPORT

Of the Condition of "The Atlanta National Bank," at the close of Business, 9th October, 1869.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$322,122 53
Overdrafts		3,075 10
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation		100,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure Deposits		100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages		1,750 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents		1,400 00
Due from other National Banks		9,119 02
Due from other Banks and Bankers		7,909 51
Banking House	$11,800 63	
Other Real Estate	11,121 99	
Furniture and Fixtures	2,295 39—	25,218 01
Current Expenses	$ 2 973 62	
Taxes Paid	3,343 82—	6,314 45
Cash Items, (including stamps)		2,355 08
Bills of other National Banks	23 853 00	
Fractional Currency (including nickels)	2,100 00	
Coin	682 28	
Legal Tender Notes	68 000 00	
Three per cent. Certificates	35,000 00—	130,135 28
		$692,249 08

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$100,000 00
Surplus Fund		20,000 00
Discount	6 314 73	
Exchange	1,497 84	
Interest	1,737 35	
Profit and Loss	57,214 47—	68,764 39
National Bank Circulation outstanding		93,000 00
Individual Deposits		352,619 68
U. S. Deposits		38,918 31
Deposits of U. S. Disbursing Officers		73,925 48
Dividend Account		280 00
Due to National Banks		54,501 22
		$692,249 08

I, William H. Tuller, Cashier of "The Atlanta National Bank," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. H. TULLER, Cashier.

STATE OF GEORGIA, County of Fulton, } Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 20th day of October, 1869.

P. ROMARE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. AUSTELL,
EDW. W. HOLLAND, } Directors.
R. H. RICHARDS,
oct22-d1t

FOR SALE!

A LOT of Drugs, Medicines and Fixtures, just the thing for a small store or Physician in the country. Will sell at

NEW YORK COST.

One-third cash; balance 6 and 12 months. Enquire at this office.

Boots, Shoes, Etc.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

SIGN OF

BIG IRON BOOT,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

aug12 nov1-d1y

HENRY BANKS, DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, SOLE & UPPER LEATHER. ALSO SHOE FINDINGS. No. 6 PEACHTREE STREET. ATLANTA, GA.

TAKE

THE first opportunity to go into the Shoe and Leather Store of J. T. Banks, and learn what cash purchases, cash sales and strict attention to business will do in the way of low prices. You will follow safe

COUNSEL

If you buy there, for his clerks are not allowed to recommend any article beyond its merits.

WITH

The greatest variety of goods, many of which are custom-made, you can hardly fail of being pleased. To the Gentlemen who read this, we will say

YOUR

Needs are just now supplied by the late arrival of Men's French Calf, hand-sewed, square and bevel edge, and double sole, and double upper Boots. Also, Men's French Calf single and double sole Pegged Boots, which are to be sold for no fault. Exercise your

REASON

In this matter, and it is all we ask.

J. T. BANKS,
Rawson's Building.
sep 18 Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Baltimore Notices.

FALL---1869!

MILLINERY GOODS

IMPORTANT TO THE TRADE.

WE have now in Store a Full Stock, consisting of Ribbons, all widths, Colors, Qualities and Varieties.

SILKS, CRAPES,
SATINS, VELVETS,
MALINES, NETS,
SILK VELVET,
FANCY AND STRAW HATS,
ALL STYLES AND COLORS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
ORNAMENTS, ETC.

We shall keep, throughout the season, a large supply of Trimmed Bonnets and Hats of the latest styles and shapes, as they arrive from Paris. Kidd's Bonnet Frames, etc. Cash Buyers will find it to their interest to examine our Stock, as we are offering extra inducements to that class.

CRANE & DIBBELL,
249 W. Baltimore street,
sep16-d3m Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE REGALIA EMPORIUM.

SISCO BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS of Regalia, Jewels, Lodge Paraphernalia, etc., for Masons, I. O. O. F., Red Men, Knights of Pythias, and all other Societies. Banners, Flags, Ship Signals, etc. 14 North Charles Street, corner Fayette, Baltimore, Maryland. Price list furnished upon application.

aug29-d3m

GEO. PAGE & CO.,

No. 5 N. Schroeder, St., Baltimore, Md.

MANUFACTURERS of Page's Improved Patent Portable Circular Saw Mills, Stationary and Portable Steam Engines and Boilers, Grist Mills, Shingle Machines, Lath and Slab Machinery, Saw Gummers, Horse Powers, Shafting, Pulleys, etc. Dealers in Circular Saws, and mill supplies generally, and manufacturers' agents for every description of Wood Working Machinery. Our Independent and Simultaneous Head Blocks, patented Dec. 15, 1868, and improved Friction Feed, patented July 13, 1869, in addition to previous patents, make our Saw Mills stand unrivalled. Estimates and plans furnished, and contracts entered into for the erection of Circular, Gang, Mulay or Sash Mills. Correspondence solicited, and catalogues furnished on application, by mail or otherwise. nly27-d1y

Established 1850.

LAWRENCE D. DEITZ & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS,

Hosiery, Gloves, etc.,

308 W. BALTIMORE St.,

Between Howard and Liberty,

oct1-d3m BALTIMORE.

RICHARD MORTON. WILLIAM REED. CLARENCE L. JACKSON.

MORTON, REED & CO.,

No. 65 S. Gay Street, Baltimore.

RAILWAY and Machinists supplies of every kind, Metals, Machinery, Tools, etc. Leather Belting and Gum Goods, Car Springs, etc. Lubricating Oils, Brass Goods, Bolts, Nuts, etc. sep30-d3m

BAGGING, BURLAP BAGS, etc.

WM. B. COOP

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 22.

R. M. ROSE & Co.—Wholesale Dealers in pure Wines and Liquors, Atlanta, Ga.

OUR JOB OFFICE.—With *new type, improved presses*, and skilled workmen, we are prepared to execute Job Work in a *superior manner*, at prices sure *to suit*, at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. All we ask is a trial.

New Advertisements.—Great Sale of West End Property—G. W. Adair.
Ten City Lots for Sale—G. W. Adair.
Houses and Lots on Stonewall Street, for Sale—G. W. Adair.
Drugs for Sale—Apply at this Office.
Boarding—Apply at this Office.
Statement Atlanta National Bank—W. H. Tuller.
To Boot Makers—Charles Hughes.
Exemption of Personalty of Mrs. N. N. Archer—D. Pittman.
Exemption of Homestead and Personalty of F. J. Werner—D. Pittman.
Exemption of Homestead of Mrs. Mary Endsley—R. C. Beavers.
Exemption of Personalty of John Fowler—R. C. Beavers.
Estray Notice—R. C Beavers.
Estray Notice—J. L. Wilson.

RADICAL BOW-WOW.—The grand Radical bow-wow comes off to-day.

THE WEATHER.—The weather was warm yesterday evening, and the clouds intimated rain.

A LITERARY CITY.—Chattanooga boasts of sending off twenty thousand letters per month, or over six hundred and sixty per day. They are heavy on the "Pen."

HENRY R. CHRISTIAN, ESQ.—It was our good fortune yesterday, to receive a call from our friend of long standing, Henry R. Christian, Esq., one of the staunch business men of Savannah.

OPELIKA RECORDER.—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from Mr. Kenady, of the Opelika Recorder, and were gratified to learn of the prosperity of his excellent journal.

HEAVY SUIT AGAINST THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.—We learn that the City Council of Atlanta, will in a few days enter suit against the Georgia Road, for $100,000 damages for obstructing Butler street. The injunction case will not be heard on Monday next, owing to the absence of counsel.

FINE BEEF.—We are indebted to Messrs. Sparks & Tye for a sample of their spiced beef, put up by their Mr. J. L. Chapman, and some pickled beef. They received on yesterday a car load of cattle and sheep. The beef sent us was tender and delicious.

THAT COINCIDENCE.—The Macon Journal and Messenger professes to have discovered a remarkable coincidence between an article in THE CONSTITUTION and the Sun. If the editor is disposed to doubt it, the young ladies are still to be seen, and we can inform him that they admire the Sun!

A FALSE REPORT.—A Richmond paper states that it is rumored that two well known Eastern North Carolina railroad men, have leased the North Carolina Central Railroad, from Greensboro to Charlotte, for a term of twenty years. We have good reason for believing this report to be without foundation.

PERSONAL.—Col. Reuben Arnold, City Attorney, left for New York City last night, on professional business.

William Markham, Esq., left for Washington, to convey the remonstrance of the citizens of Atlanta against the removal of the Post-office.

Col. J. Troup Lumpkin, leaves for Athens to-day.

Rev. M. T. Sumner, of Marion, Ala., passed through the city yesterday, towards Macon.

A GOOD RECOMMENDATION.—One of our worthy citizens made enquiry, several days ago, of a merchant, as to where he could find a good cook. Yesterday the merchant met him and told him where he could find one. "Oh," replied the gentleman, "I've got one that I know will suit me." "How's that?" queried the merchant. "Why, when she came to me, I asked her if she'd want to go to church oftener than every night during the week, and three times of a Sunday. She replied that she'd not been to church in three years, and I hired her on the spot."

THE SLANDER MILL.—The people of Georgia have for some time been endeavoring to discover the Atlanta Slander Mill. Some supposed that it was Eugene Davis or Gov. Bullock. Recent events seem to foreshadow the parties and their modes of operation. The *Era* will make a statement, the Agent of the Press Association will send it off, and the Holy Ku-Klux will enlarge upon it. At least, this was the manner in which the Bishop Simpson report was gotten up. A bold attempt has been made by the Radicals to injure the reputation of the Christians of Atlanta. The Northern Methodists have one or two churches in the city—and, if they could not use the churches, a college! It is a party trick only.

"THE GALLED JADE WINCES."—The Radical Local Editor of the *Era*, laboring under the effect of mean benzine, indulges, in yesterday's paper, in a tirade of abuse of us, suitable to his lofty genius and fertile pen. In such a field, we admit he has no equal. Like all other old women, he can say what he pleases with impunity, for his praise is censure, and his censure praise. We do not propose to reply to any of his strictures, for, like himself, they are beneath contempt. The people of Atlanta know who has acted the part of the *fee* for some time, for they recollect that the local columns of the *Era*, day after day, contained his drunken spiels against the Local of this paper, which we have not deigned to notice. We trust that the character of all the articles written by the Radical Local of the *Era* will remain the same, and if he will continue it we are willing to pay him the price he demands for it. But he need not expect us to pay him to hush, unless he were disposed to bespatter us with praise. From that, good Lord deliver us. We close the matter right here. Our time and space is too valuable to treat of such *effete* matter.

INTERESTING LAW CASE.—The Chattanooga Enterprise gives the particulars of an interesting case recently tried in that city, viz: Hugh Martin vs A. K. Seago of this city.

The facts of this case were, that Martin had corn with French & Brown, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, at Chattanooga, with instructions to store, but no authority to ship it. Thomas A Brown being an old friend and acquaintance with Martin, and having had business with Seago assumed the responsibility of shipping a portion of the corn to Seago, at Savannah, Ga. A draft was drawn, however and paid. Soon thereafter, two or three other car loads, amounting to some 600 bushels were shipped to Seago for which a draft was also drawn for $600. Seago refused to pay this draft, claiming that French & Brown were indebted to him upon an assignment of hay and sacks furnished them. Thereupon Martin brought suit against Seago for the 600 bushels of corn, because of his instructions to his merchants—that they had no right to sell. Seago insisted the purchase was made from a regular commission merchant and that the law protected a purchaser in such sales. The jury returned the verdict for Seago. A motion for a new trial was made and the case appealed.

EX-SECRETARY STANTON AND NORTHERN METHODISTS.—As germain to the discussion about Bishop Simpson, and the failure of his admirers to get him a preaching place in Atlanta, as illustrative of the methods employed by Bishop Simpson's church to convert Southern barbarians; and as a part of the history of the war, we copy from the New Orleans Methodist Church (South) the following singular document. It will remind our readers of the religio-military orders of Phillip II to the Duke of Alva, while he was butchering the Netherlands to make "truly loil" Romanists out of them:

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE GULF,
New Orleans, Jan. 13, 1864.
Special Orders No. 15.

[Extract.]

5. In accordance with instructions, contained in a letter from the Secretary of War, under date of November 30, 1863, all houses of worship within this department, belonging to the Methodist Episcopal Church (South) in which a loyal minister, who has been appointed by a loyal bishop of said church does not now officiate, are hereby placed at the disposal of the Rev. Bishop Ames.

Commanding officers at the various points, where such houses of worship may be located, are directed to extend to the ministers, that may be appointed by Bishop Ames to conduct divine service in said houses of worship, all the aid, countenance, and support practicable in the execution of their mission.

Officers of the quartermaster's and commissary departments are authorized and directed to furnish Bishop Ames and his clerk with transportation and subsistence, when it can be done without prejudice to the service; and all officers will afford them courtesy, assistance and protection.

By command of Major-General Banks.
GEORGE B. DRAKE,
Assistant Adjutant General.

Headquarters Dep't of the Gulf,
New Orleans, La., July 13, 1865.
Official:
J. SCHUYLER CROSBY,
Brevet Lieutenant Colonel.

Local and Business Notices.

NOTICE.—Col. T. M. Acton, is the duly authorized traveling Agent of THE CONSTITUTION, and we commend him to the attention of our friends wherever he may go in behalf of our interest.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE.—My celebrated Oyster Crackers have arrived. Get your Oysters and Crackers. oct22-d3t

NEW FURNITURE STORE—
W. T. Archer is now receiving and opening a large stock. All parties in want of anything in that line would do well to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere. No. 82 Whitehall street. oct21-d4t

DR. GEO. G. CRAWFORD has removed his office to Patillo's iron-front building, next door to Holbrook's hat store, Whitehall street. Residence at Mrs. Overby's, Granite Block, Broad street. oct6-1m

PEASE AND HIS WIFE.—Those pure Cider Vinegar Pickles from Delaware, by the gallon. oct22-d3t

THE Terry Mills will be sold at auction at the Court House in Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in November, at 11 o'clock. Not a day during the recent drought but that the mill could grind 100 bushels. Terms cash. oct15-dtillstNov

JUST received at Sharpe's Live Jewelry Store, the largest stock of Bridal Presents ever brought to this market, consisting of Toilet Sets, Cake Baskets, Fruit Stands, Bouquet Holders, Jewelry Boxes, Puff Boxes, etc., all to be sold at less price than they can be bought in this city. Look and supply yourselves. GEO. SHARP, JR.,
oct17-d1w Live Jewelry Store.

TALLEY & SISSON have removed to their new store, just opposite their old stand. oct 22-d2t

PRACTICAL SLATERS.—M. E. Jones & Co., of this city, are practical Slaters, and offer to put up slate roofs in any part of the South, with neatness and despatch. They execute their contracts in the best manner and at the lowest rates. They are agents for Georgia slate. We cheerfully recommend them.

STRAYED.—A black Cow, with young calf, strayed. Any information thankfully received at this office. oct22-dtf

UP IN A BALLOON—HAPPY AS A BIG SUNFLOWER.—Editors, reporters, merchants, express-men, and others, are using the Memorandum Cases, and all are pleased with them. Fresh paper easily adjusted, when necessary.

A greenback size for ladies—large enough to carry funds when shopping. Good thing to keep wash list. Write name plainly. Name *only* for $1,00. Address
WM. R. HANLEITER,
Book Binder, B. B. M., etc.
sept16-dtf

FISH CHOWDER served at the National Hotel Restaurant at 11 o'clock, to-day.

WALNUT SETS, either in oil or varnish, very cheap, at Archer's, 82 Whitehall street. oct21-d4t

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—Galileo invented the telescope; Columbus discovered a new world, and to Professor Morse is due the credit of teaching the lightning how to talk, but it was reserved to Dr. J. Bradfield to penetrate the mystic depths of science, and drag therefrom the wonder of our century. The victory has been won, and woman is free.

The sale of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is unprecedented in the history of popular remedies, and thousands of certificates are coming in from grateful women, throughout the Union, attesting its powers and applauding its untold benefits to their sex. dtf

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.—But little business transacted yesterday. The case of J. M. C. Reed vs. T. D. Lynes, will probably be tried to-day.

BROAD STREET.—The street hands are busy grading Broad street and putting it in fine order.

Political Notes.

Lot Morrill is to take Fessenden's place among the immortal lot in the United States Senate.

Mayor Wheaton has been renominated by the Democrats in Detroit. The city is largely Democratic.

A Kentucky paper proposes Richard M. Spalding for United States Senator, in place of Mr. McCreery. Another names John Quincy Adams King.

New Hampshire will vote on the question of establishing a State police on the 9th of November. The temperance people of the State are holding meetings, hoping to create a public sentiment in favor of such a force.

No less than five oaths are put to the Governor of Virginia—an oath of fidelity to the State Constitution, another to the United States Constitution, another against dueling, another that he was not concerned in the rebellion, and a fifth, that he will properly perform the duties of his office.

The Lawrence, Kansas, Republican Journal says: "It is rumored that charges of a most serious nature are to be preferred against Senator Pomeroy when the Senate convenes again. The general count will consist of two indictments: First, that the Senator used improper means to secure his re-election; and, secondly, that he has prostituted his position to purposes of personal profit."

Significant—the N. Y. World and Tribune on Pendleton's defeat.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The World this morning, has a noticeable article on the Ohio election, which excites a great deal of comment in political circles. It declares that the defeat of Pendleton in Ohio justifies the refusal of the Democratic National Convention to nominate him for the Presidency. It also condemns the greenback of the platform, and justifies the wisdom of Horatio Seymour's utterances on financial topics previous to his nomination. Had Seymour's financial speeches been his platform, and another person than Blair his associate, he would have been certainly elected. The World concludes: "Seymour was last year by far the wisest statesman in the party, but events are so steadily confirming the soundness of the counsels which he then gave, that by another year, we trust, the whole party will be as wise as he is."

The Tribune of this morning also says, that, in the defeat of Pendleton, the Democratic party has had a narrow escape from ruin; that, had he been elected, he would have been the inevitable candidate for the Presidency in 1872 upon a greenback platform, which would have been the death of the party.

GOOSE FIGHT.—The Selma people are awaiting with much anxiety a "goose" fight, which is soon to come off in their basin. The geese are to be harnessed to tubs, and so propel these vessels through the water. Good for Selma.

☞ The goat crop of Opelika is considerable on the increase. There are more of them on the street than any other species of the four-legged "preambulators."

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

OFFICE OF THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1869.

Cotton Market.

The market opened this morning at 23½, but soon fell under advices from New York, and closed quiet at 23½ for middlings; low middlings 23a23¼; good ordinary 21. Receipts, 100 bales.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Atlanta Financial Market.

Exchange on New York buying at ¼c off, selling at par. Gold, buying at 1 29 selling, 1 32; Silver, buying, 1 19, selling, 1 25; Gold Dust, buying 1 10, selling, 1 15; Bullion, buying 1 25, selling, 1 30. No change in quotations of stocks and uncurrent bills.

Our Market.

All departments of business active in filling orders and supplying country and city trade. Our merchants have ample stocks on hand to meet ordinary demands of trade. Quotations remain unchanged.

Grain Market.

Corn in fair supply and easier, at 1 33 at the depot by the car load, 1 38 for prime white in small lots. Wheat may be quoted at 1 40a1 50 for prime red, and 1 50a1 60 for prime white. Oats are in fair demand at 75a80c. Rye in good supply at 1 50.

Dried Fruit.

Peeled Peaches 10a12c; not peeled 6a 6¼c; Apples 4a5c.

Bacon Market.

Bacon remains firm; clear sides, 22c; clear rib, 21¾; shoulders, 18½; plain hams, sound, 21a22; canvased hams 22a25. Lard, tierces, 21a21½; kegs, 23.

Flour Market.

No change in the market, and we quote: Atlanta Mills, (new) fancy, 10 00 per bbl; Extra family, 9 00; Family, 8 50; Fulton, XXXX, 8 00; Superfine, 7 30; Georgia, XXXX, 6 80; Ship Stuff 1 35 per 100 pounds; City Mills, Pride of Dixie, per bbl. 10 50; Family, 9 00; Extra, 8 00; Superfine, 7 00; Crown flour, 9 50a10 00; Holston Family, 8 00a8 50; Super, 7 00; Gate City, fancy, 9 00a10 00; Home, extra family, 8 50a9 00.

Cow Feed.

Peas, none; pea meal, none; oil meal, 5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 50 per 100 lbs; prime clover hay, 1 85a2 00 per 100 lbs.

Grocery Market.

Corn meal in active demand, at 1 50a1 60. Rice, 9a9½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 17½a18c; Tallow 12a15c. A, Sugar, 18c; Extra C, 17½; Yellow, C, 17; Brown, 15½a16. Rio Coffee, 22a25½. Beeswax, 38a40. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 3 20. None in market. N. O. Syrup, 85a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57½. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 20c; Factory, 21c; English dairy, 24c. Goshen butter 42c. Apples 4 50a5 00 per bbl.

Powder and Shot.

Ride powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 40; buck, 3 75.

Bagging and Rope.

India and Borneo bagging, 28a32c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 10c; hand made, 9c.

Dry Goods Market.

Allens, 13½; Sprague, 13½; Pacific 13½, Lancaster, 13½; Wamsutta, 9½; Amoskeag, 12½. Ticking, Penfield, 12½; Croton, 12½; Eagle (32 inch) 22; Chattahoochee, ¾, 20; Chattahoochee, ⅞, 23; Hamilton, 25; Chesterdock, A, 22½; Kellyville, 33; Gate City (36 inch) 37.

Factory Goods.

Brown Shirtings, ⅞, 13½c; B. Shirting, 4-4, 15½c; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7½a11; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 12a15c; Brown drills, 13½a24; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes, 17a 19; Checks, 19a19½; Montour Osnaburgs, 21; Troup, 24a25; Yarns, 2 00.

Tobacco Market.

Low grades, 60; Medium, 62½a70; Good medium, 70a80; Fine, 90a1 00; Choice, 1 25; Leaf, 25c.

Liquor Market.

Whisky, rectified, 1 25a1 40 as to proof; Bourbon 1 40a5 00; Robinson County, 2 00a 3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a12 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a5 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00.

Lime and Cement.

Cherokee lime, 55c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Leather and Hides.

White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry, salted, 18a20c; dry flint, 19a25c.

Hardware Market.

We quote Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 6 00; 3s, common, 7 00; 3s, fine, 9 00. Plow steel, 12½c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

Drugs and Dyes.

Bi-carb soda 8a8½ per pound. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone. 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

Oils and Paints.

Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do. boiled, 1 35a1 40 Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

Lumber Market.

All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

Country Produce.

Cabbage 20 00a25 00 per 100. Butter—little in market; good article will command 40a50 cents per lb. Eggs scarce at 35 cents per dozen. Chickens 25a35 cents. Sweet potatoes 1 00a1 25 per bushel. Irish potatoes 3 00a3 50 per barrel.

FATHER HYACINTHE.—Upon his arrival in New York, Father Hyacinthe was called upon by a large number of clergymen and laymen. Great efforts are being made to induce him to express his views on the great religious questions of the day, but as yet he steadily refuses to address an American audience. He is dressed in a plain, black suit, without any peculiarity to distinguish his clerical character. In reply to a question asked him by a prominent member of the press, whether he had broken with the church, he emphatically stated: "I have not, I have only broken with its abuses." He further said that he intended to remain here two months and try and study the religion and manners of the people, and then would go to Rome. Whether he would present himself at the council depended upon circumstances.

The preacher monk had a long interview with Father Heicker, who leaves for Rome. He also visited the French Consulate, and for the first time appeared at the public table at the hotel, where he created quite a sensation. The Boston clergymen will call upon him and extend to him a cordial invitation to visit the hub.

An operatic manager who has been hanging around the door of the hotel to engage Father Hyacinthe as a public lecturer, has been unceremoniously excluded.

☞ General Thomas reports from Alaska against the establishment of a revenue service there, as it will cost more than it will come to. No mines have been discovered. Plenty of timber and coal is found, but there is a plenty equally as good a hundred miles south. Grain can not be raised. Few vegetables are raised, and those that are, rot in a few weeks.

WHAT NEGRO SAVINGS CAN DO.—The Freedman's Savings and Trust Company, with headquarters at Washington, have just paid eighty thousand dollars for a lot on Pennsylvania Avenue, on which it expects to erect a splendid banking house.

PEOPLE'S TICKET
For Mayor and Aldermen.

Mr. Editor: We suggest the following ticket as a suitable one for election at the next election for Mayor and Members of Council, and will receive the support, without regard to past political differences of MANY CITIZENS.

FOR MAYOR.
HON. WILLIAM EZZARD

FOR ALDERMEN,
1st Ward—WILLIAM GRAMLING.
" JOHN A. DOANE.
2d Ward—S. B. OATMAN.
" WM RUSHTON.
3d Ward—JAMES KELLEY.
" WM. ANDERSON.
4th Ward JOHN R. WALLACE.
" JOHN MECASLIN.
5th Ward—JOHN H. JAMES.
" ER LAWSHE.
oct17-d1w

ANNOUNCEMENT.

☞ JOSEPH WINSHIP.—WE ARE authorized to announce JOSEPH WINSHIP, Esq., as a candidate for Mayor of the city of Atlanta. oct17-dtde

☞ WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce Hon. WILLIAM EZZARD as a candidate for Mayor, at the approaching city election.

Special Notices.

☞ ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS cures all Female Complaints.
Cures wife, daughter and mother.
Cures cases pronounced incurable.
Cures all irregular uterine actions.
Cures hysterics and Chlorosis.
Cures diseases peculiar to females.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & Co.,
Sold by Druggists. Prop'rs. Memphis, Tenn.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&Wlm

☞ BUCHU.—THIS WONDERFUL medicine has gained a world-wide fame for the cure of affections of the kidneys and bladder, and all who require it are in search of the best. Dromgoole & Co.'s Buchu, prepared by regular Physicians of Memphis, Tenn., is recognized as the best and cheapest. Price $1. Sold by druggists everywhere.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&Wlm

☞ DO YOU SHAKE? USE KING of Chills.
King of Chills never fails to cure.
Dumb and Congestive Chills cured with King of Chills.
King of Chills is the malarial antidote.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&Wlm

☞ YOUR LIVER.—IF YOUR LIVER is torpid and your bowels constipated, take one dose of Droomgoole & Co.'s Liver Pills, and they will act so well and pleasantly you will have no others. They are the best purgative you ever used.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX.
oct2-d&Wlm

Macon Notices.

Hardeman & Sparks,
MACON, Georgia.

IN tendering their services again to their planting friends as

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

deem it wholly unnecessary to make promises as to their willingness and ability to serve them faithfully and advantageously.

Their long experience, and the large patronage which has ever been extended the

HOUSE,

is proof conclusive, that they deserve the confidence of the planting community, and by prompt and honest attention to their interest, they intend to merit, in the future, the patronage so liberally given them in the past.

Orders for Supplies

PROMPTLY FILLED AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

And the usual facilities extended to those who entrust their business with us.
O. G. SPARKS,
aug29-d3m T. HARDEMAN, JR.

DR.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR OR Medicine for Dyspepsia, Headache Jaundice, Costiveness, Camp Dysentery, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Fever, Nervousness, Bills, Diseases of the Skin, Insanity of the Blood Melancholy or Depression of Spirits

Most of the ailments here enumerated have their origin in a diseased liver, which is the most prevalent affection in this country, and as in many cases the patient is not within the reach of a physician, it requires that some remedy should be provided that would not in the least impair the constitution, and yet be active and safe. That such is the character of the SIMMONS REGULATOR there can be no doubt, which the testimony of hundreds will establish.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED

LIVER. Pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade and is mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarce-ly summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the foregoing symptoms appear, it is a purely vegetable compound, is not injurious to the most delicate constitutions, and will keep the liver in healthy action if used properly.

Persons living in unhealthy localities may avoid all bilious attacks by taking a dose occasionally to keep the liver in healthy action.

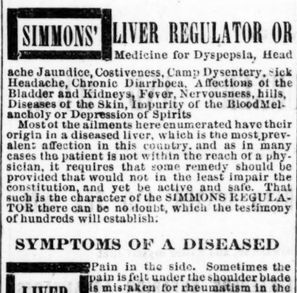
Regulator For children complaining of colic, headache, or sick stomach a teaspoonful or more will give relief. Children, as well as adults, eat sometimes too much supper, or eat something which does not digest well, producing sour stomach, heart-burn, or restlessness; a good dose will give relief. This applies to persons of all ages.

Many persons, from eating too much, are restless at night, or in day time flagety, wool-gathering, can't understand what they read, can't keep their thoughts on any one subject so as to reason well, or become fretful. One or two tablespoonful will give relief.

Jaundice.—Take enough Regulator after eating each meal to produce one full action from the bowels every day.

Pregnant ladies will find sure relief from their headache, costiveness, swimming in the head, colic, sour stomach, restlessness, etc., etc.

Prepared only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Druggists, Macon, Ga.
Price $1: by mail $1 25 may9-d&w6m



DENISON'S
Condition Powders
FOR
HORSES, MULES,
Cattle and Hogs,

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by
D. M. DENISON,
COLUMBUS, GA.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.
For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by
REDWINE & FOX,
oct28-dly Atlanta Ga.

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR,

Woman's Best Friend

THIS valuable Medicine is prepared for WOMEN exclusively, and to be used by WOMEN only. It is adapted especially to those cases where the WOMB is disordered, and will cure any irregularity in the "menses," except in such cases as require a surgical operation. As these last are very rare, the FEMALE REGULATOR is of almost universal application. In a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from COLD, trouble of mind or like cause, it acts like a charm, by RESTORING THE DISCHARGE IN EVERY INSTANCE, thus relieving the fever, headache, pain in the small of the back and "lower stomach," flushes of heat about the face, chilly sensations, burning of the eyelids and general restlessness. Taken in time, all these symptoms pass away immediately, without injury to the constitution. Frequently, however, the proper remedy is not applied in time, the disease becomes chronic, and the foundation laid for numberless evils to the constitution of the woman. The next "turn" comes around and there is no "show," or perhaps the "whites" will appear. There will be some uneasiness about the womb, but very little or none of the natural fluid escaping. The complexion becomes sallow, bowels, swollen, a sort of greenish caste about the face, constant dull aching pains in the head, weight in the lower stomach and back, with or without whites, palpitations of the heart, pallor, exhaustion, indigestion, weariness, langour, aching across the loins, loss of appetite, pain in left breast, tightness across the chest, cough and giddiness. If still allowed to go on, "green sickness" will be fully developed—the headache becomes severe, with loss of memory, diminishing sensibility, SICK STOMACH, dyspepsia no relish for food, loss of flesh, increased fluttering of the heart SWELLING OF THE FEET, legs and body and occasional spitting of blood. The slightest effort causes HURRIED BREATHING, almost SUFFOCATION. The skin is flabby and a "doughy feel." This is a sad picture, but it is the condition of thousands of women between the ages of 15 and 45, who are brought to the verge of the grave by ignorance or neglect to take the proper remedy. To all who are afflicted with any of the symptoms above mentioned, in connection with an irregularity of the "monthly courses," we earnestly say TAKE DR. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. A few ounces taken, you will at once experience its benefits, and with a little patience you will be fully restored to health.

This remedy has been extensively used for upwards of twenty years by many of the most experienced and successful Physicians of Georgia.

We repeat, that Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR is prepared for WOMEN and to be used by Women only.

A trial is all we ask.

Prepared and sold in any quantity, by
L. H. BRADFIELD,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Price, $1.50 per Bottle.

☞ Sold by Druggists generally.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 29th, 1868.

Dr. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in stating that some time previous to the late war, I used, with the utmost success, on a servant girl, your FEMALE REGULATOR, prepared then at Bradfield's Drug Store, West Point, Ga. She had been suffering severely from suppressed menstruation, and this Medicine soon restored her to health. She is, to-day, living in Atlanta, sound and well.

I will state, further, that I know of its being used, with equal success, on a servant girl of my brother-in law, Professor Rutherford, of Athens, Ga. This woman had, I think, been diseased for six years. She was a house servant, and seemed cured, up to the time of "freedom." I do not hesitate to indorse your preparation for the purposes for which you recommend it.
Yours truly, JNO. C. WHITNER.

STATE OF GEORGIA, TROUP COUNTY.

This is to certify that I have examined the recipe of Dr. Joseph Bradfield, of this county, and, as a medical man, pronounce it to be a combination of Medicines of great merit in the treatment of all the diseases of females for which he recommends it. WM. P. BEASLEY, M. D.
This December 21st, 1868.

MOUNTVILLE, 1868.

DR. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I have much pleasure in saying I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects of your Female Regulator in this neighborhood. WM. H. FINCHEN.

MOUNTVILLE, 1868.

Dr. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I have repeatedly used, in my family, your Female Regulator, and have, in every case, met with complete success. G. L. DAVIS.

☞ I also prepare, and have for sale, a YEAST POWDER, equal to the best, and for much less price.

☞ I also prepare a LIQUID BLUING, now in use by many of the best house keepers in the city, and pronounced by them to be very superior.

L. H. BRADFIELD,
Druggist, Atlanta, Ga.
Sole Agent for Geo. M. Hay's
Sure Cure for Intemperance.
feb16-eodly

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S
Family Medicines,
CONSISTING OF HIS CELEBRATED
LIVER MEDICINE,
Anodyne Pain Kill It,
ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,
AGUE PILLS
—AND—
Dysentery Cordial, Female Tonic,
—AND—
PURIFYING PILLS.

THE excellent Remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation—their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern climate having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are predisposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Liver Medicine and Anti-Bilious Pills strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, etc., so common among our people. Earache, Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia and bodily pains of every kind flee before

Prophitt's Pain Kill It

like chaff before the wind.

If you have Indigestion or Dyspepsia in any form, or any other Chronic Diseases, use

Prophitt's Liver Medicine,

It is safe and reliable; pure Vegetable, and a liquid ready for use at any and all times. Price, $2 a bottle—33½ per cent. discount by the dozen bottles or more.

If you get Snake bit, use

PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT,

internal and external. If you have a fresh wound of any sort, use the PAIN KILL IT. If you get dog bit, apply the PAIN KILL IT.

Dr. O. S. PROPHITT'S
Anti-Bilious Vegetable Pills,
Purgative and Febrifuge,

May be relied upon as a safe and efficient cathartic in all Febrile and Acute Diseases of all kinds.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S
VEGETABLE AGUE PILLS,

A safe and certain remedy for Ague and Fever, Chills and Fever, and all kinds of Periodical Diseases, and is safe and reliable for all to take at any time.

DR. PROPHITT'S
COMPOUND DYSENTERY CORDIAL,

A safe and genuine remedy for all kinds of Bowel Diseases, Dysenteries, Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux, &c. It may be given to all sizes, ages and sexes and at all times, with perfect safety, where there is anything of that class indicated.

FEMALE TONIC,
—AND—
PURIFYING PILLS

The Purifying Pills and Female Tonic are associated together as a full preparation, as you see in the Bills. They have given perfect satisfaction in my practice for the last twenty years, in all cases that they are recommended for. The Pills may be taken in connection with the Liver Medicine, without the Tonic, when there is any indication for them, such as Shortness of Breath, Swelling of the Feet or Face, or a Pale, Weak state of the Blood, or a Flabby state of the Muscles, as generally follow Fever, and Chills and Fever.

All of the above Medicines sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the South West. Sold by

W. A. Lansdell, Redwine & Fox, Curtis & Lloyd, Pemberton, Willson, Taylor & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Prepared only by Dr. O. S. PROPHITT, Atlanta, Ga

All the above remedies for sale by

L. H. BRADFIELD,
WHOLESALE AGENT,
WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
feb17eodly.

CONSTITUTION
PRINTING HOUSE!

"EXCELSIOR!"

OUR MOTTO.

Ahead of all Competition!

Broad Street, Near Atlanta Engine House, and Opposite Post Office.

—WITH—

New and Elegant Presses!

And a large and extensive

VARIETY OF JOB TYPE

We are prepared to do all kinds of

Book and Job Work!

In the best style and at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL!

Plain and Fancy Printing, in colors, such as

BONDS, CATALOGUES,
BANK CHECKS, CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS, PROGRAMMES,
BUSINESS CARDS, POSTERS,
BLANKS.

Anything from a Wedding Card to a Mammoth Poster!

Or from a

Railroad Ticket to a Ledger!

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION!

A Live Democratic Sheet!

Best Advertising Medium!

Through which men can bring their names and business before the public.

Circulation increasing Rapidly Every Day.

ITS MOTTO:

"Unwavering fidelity to principle better than violent denunciation;"

PRINCIPIA NON HOMINES;

The development of the vast natural resources of Georgia, and the advancement of the material prosperity of the whole State, from Dade to Chatham.

With Able and Experienced Editors,

"To the manor born," a

HOST OF CONTRIBUTORS!

AND CORRESPONDENTS,

The Proprietors feel no hesitancy in assuring the public that the reputation of THE CONSTITUTION as a

LIVE NEWSPAPER!

And an independent and out-spoken journal will be maintained. It columns will contain

Pungent Editorials!

On the topics of the day,

Local, Commercial, and General News, Agricultural, Mercantile and Political Intelligence from all Quarters.

No pains will be spared to make it a valuable and necessary companion to the Merchant

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

☞ The Atlantic Almanac, published by Messrs. Fields & Osgood, contains the following poem by the English Laureate:

THE MYSTIC.

BY ALFRED TENNYSON.

Angels have talked with him, and showed him thrones:
Ye knew him not: he was not of you;
Ye scorned with an undiscerning scorn;
Ye could not read the marvel in his eye,
The still serene abstraction: he had felt
The vanities of after and before;
Albeit, his spirit and his secret heart
The stern experiences of converse lives,
The linked woes of many a fiery charge
Had purified, and chastened and made free,
Always there stood before him night and day,
Of wayward, varycolored circumstances,
The imperishable presence serene,
Colossal, without form, or sense, or sound,
Dim shadows but unwaning presences,
Four-faced to four corners of the sky:
And yet again, three shadows, fronting one,
One onward, one respectant, three but one;
And yet again, again and evermore,
For the two first were not, but only seemed
One shadow in the midst of a great light,
One reflex from eternity or time,
One mighty countenance of perfect calm,
Awful with most invariable eyes,
For him the silent congregated hours,
Daughters of time, divinely tall, beneath
Severe and youthful brows, with shining eyes
Smiling a godlike smile (the innocent light
Of earnest youth, pierced through and through
with all
Keen knowledges of low-embowed eld)
Upheld, and ever held aloft the cloud
Which drcops, low-hung, on either gate of life,
Both birth and death; he in the center fixt,
So far on each side through the grated gates
Most pale and clear and lovely distances.
He often lying broad awake, and yet
Remaining from the body, and apart
In intellect and power and will, hath heard
Time flowing in the middle of the night,
And all things creeping to a day of doom.
How could ye know him? Ye were yet within
The narrower circle; he had well nigh reached
The last which, with a region of white flame,
Pure without heat, into a larger air
Upburning, and an ether of black blue,
Investeth and ingirds all other lives.

Foreign Items.

A transition ministry is forming in Austria.

It is feared the Suez canal must be deepened before it can be of any practical use.

Rumors are abroad that Napoleon intends to establish a corps of observation on the frontiers between France and Spain, which cause much excitement in Spain.

The *Civilita Cattolica* says the Bishops have been summoned to attend the Council only to ratify decisions already made by the Pope, not to deliberate and decide questions by a vote.

Negotiations are pending with the rebels in Valencia, and a certain time is fixed for them to surrender and be pardoned, but if they hold out after that time their lives will be forfeited.

Gen. Prim declared in the Cortes, recently, that the home Government only awaiteda favorable result of the conflict in Cuba to accord all the reforms and liberties required by the colony.

The London Times, in speaking of the situation in France, says: "France, at the present moment, has no government. The Emperor's message placed her between the old Imperialism and the new Constitution rule, one of which he declared exploded, and the other he is unable to define."

☞ "An illiterate correspondent, who is given to sporting, wants to know when the 'Anglo Saxon race" so much talked of, is to come off.'

It has been indefinitely postponed in the South on account of the opposition of the Radical party.

☞ The following tender remarks were written on the back of a ticket taken at the door on occasion of a recent lecture by Miss Dickinson: "In love with Miss Anna E. Dickinson, and a strong believer in Woman's Rights; and has drilled my wife for 30 years. At last she is bound to vote."

☞ Ten cases of lynching are reported in one county of Indiana, within a few weeks, and yet we hear nothing of the necessity of reconstruction in that State.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.00 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	8.45 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.30 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

Passengers for Milledgeville, Washington and Athens, Ga., must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta and Atlanta.

Passengers for West Point, Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger train to make close connections.

Passengers for Nashville, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either train and make connections.

Through Tickets, and Baggage checked through to the above places.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Assistant Supt.

Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 9, 1869.

☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—E. HULBERT, Superintendent; E. B. WALKER, Master of Transportion.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 25 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 10 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 35 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 45 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	4 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	4 15 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	11 0 0 A M

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. F. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7:58 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:30 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:50 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	11:06 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:00 A. M.

☞ MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BRONSON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1 40 P M
Leave Macon	7.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	3 10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.18 P M
Arrive at Macon	3.23 A M
Leave Macon	8.50 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.47 A M

☞ POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	7 o'clock, A M
Close at	7 o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	10 o'clock, A M

J. L. DUNNING, P. M.

☞ ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 7 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: JAMES L. DUNNING, Postmaster; JAMES DUNNING, Jr., Assistant Postmaster and Mailing Clerk; E. A. MCLAUGHLIN, Money Order Clerk; H. C. HOLCOMBE, Register Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; J. F. WOODWARD, Gents' Delivery; R. J. ASHFORD, Ladies' Delivery; ROBERT JOHNSON, Clerk's Assistant.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se
Washington, D. C.	3.45, A M.	6 P.M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 " 2 P.M.	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga.	6.30 P M.	5 P.M.
Charleston	7.45 A.M.	6.30 P.M. 5 P. M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.20 P. M.	6 A. M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	3.00 P. M.	6.45 A. M.
Macon	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly---Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden---Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin---semi-Weekly---Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin---Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton---Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville---Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville---Weekly---Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville---Semi-Weekly---Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Car tersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee Weekly---Tuesdays.

BRAN NEW LETTERS!!

FRESH TESTIMONIALS!

DARBY'S PROPHYLACTIC FLUID!

THE ASTONISHING

Family Medicine ! ! !

Saved from Death---Read!

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 28, 1869.

MESSRS. J. DARBY & CO., 161 William street, New York—*Gents:* Yours, of the 23d, is before me and has attention. It gives me pleasure to say, that my *belief* is, that your "Fluid," under the supervision of a kind Providence, *saved the life of my youngest child*, some six years ago. The child being wasted to a skeleton, by the effects of teething, and an affection of the bowels therewith. *I had never seen any one reduced so low to recover.*

"Physic" had been tried in vain, until the Physicians stated it was useless. A friend recommended your "Fluid," or ozone, which he stated was one of the component parts of it. I did so, and the *effect was like magic*, plainly discernable *in one hour*, in its good effects, producing a quiet and sleep almost at once, where irritation and sleepless restlessness had previously possessed the child to nearly entire exhaustion.

I at first administeredit in a small way, 2 and 3 drops in a spoonful of water, and increased it to 6 and 10 drops. It completely checked the bowels, and had the happiest effect, the child rapidly recovering.

I have tried your "Fluid," on animals, with the same effect; both horses and cows, mingling more or less in water, and letting them drink.

I have no hesitation in saying, I believe it a specific for Chronic Diarrhœa, or any violent affection of the bowels.

I would not be without it in my family, under any consideration.

Yours, truly, WILLIAM FOWLER.

Mr. Fowler is a member of the celebrated Banking House of Fowler & Somerville, Montgomery, Alabama.

AND AGAIN!

Read the following letter from Mr. Frank Saunders, a well-known citizen, and brother-in-law of the beloved Bishop Paine, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, July 29, 1869.

MESSRS. J. DARBY & CO., 161 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK—*Gents:* About the 10th of June last, one of my children was taken with Scarlet Fever, in its most malignant form, and as soon as I could I procured your valuable disinfectant, "Darby's Prophylactic Fluid." Although it was several days after the appearance of the disease before I began using the Fluid, still I, by a free use of it, the disease was not only confined to the one case, but the malignity of that case somewhat mitigated.

During the use of the Fluid, as a disinfectant, in my family it was also, tried in a case of headache, and one of toothache, the results in each case being instantaneous relief. It was afterwards tried in a case of Erysipelas, with almost equal success.

It is due to the merits of this compound, also, to state, that the case of Erysipelas in question, being located in the feet, the Fluid, in its application, was brought in frequent contact with a troublesome corn, on one of the feet, to the utter discomfiture of said corn; for, upon subsequent examination, it had disappeared, and though it was sought for diligently, it could not be found.

I hand you this, hoping it may be the means of inducing others of earth's poor sufferers, to test for themselves, as I did, the great merits of this great remedy.

Very respectfully, yours,
FRANK SAUNDERS.

Never was a medicine so universally esteemed and extolled. It never fails. It may be depended on.

Every Druggist and Country Merchant keeps it. Manufactured only by

JOHN DARBY & CO.,
161 William Street, N. Y.

Wholesale Agents, REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Ga.
aug10— (apr12-d&wtf)

Miscellaneous.

PHOENIX

LUMBER YARD.

Opposite Georgia Railroad Depot,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

KEEPS

BUILDERS' TIMBER

PLANK, JOISTS,

DRESSED AND MATCHED FLOORING,

DRESSED AND EDGED

WEATHER BOARDING

SHINGLES AND LATHS.

LUMBER Bills filled upon short notice. Also, orders filled for

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Lumber sold on commission, and liberal advancements made on consignment.

A. LANDSBERG & CO.,
oct15-d1y Proprietors.

ATTENTION, FARMERS AND PLANTERS.

BUY WHITEROW'S "LITTLE EXCELSIOR CORN SHELLER," Patent August 18, 1868, because they are the cheapest, most convenient and durable Sheller yet invented. Shell, sack, separate and clean at the same time, with the labor of one man, from 40 to 60 bushels per day. Cost one-half less than Box-Shellers, and dispenses with 2 hands in running, (Box-Shellers requiring 3) Rights for sale. Sample sent. Expressage paid on receipt of price. No. 1, $6. No. 2, $8.

Address L. G. CLOSE, at Glenn, Wright & Carr's, Atlanta, Special Agent for Georgia.
sep9-d&w3m

WE have bought the exclusive right of vending "Houseman's Patent Pocket Corn Shellers" in Georgia. County rights for sale. Correspondence solicited. Traders cautioned not to infringe upon our right. Retail price of Machine $3. Knott & Nolan, McDonough, Ga.

For Bibb, and all counties South to Florida Line, address C. N. Averill & Son, Agents, Charleston, S. C.

L. G. CLOSE,
At Glenn, Wright & Carr's, Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
sep1-d&w3m

"THE UTLEY COTTON PRESS."

A new invention of power whereby all friction is overcome. The simplicity, economy and durability of this Press astonishes all who see it, and the more so, that a power so simple should so long have been unappropriated. The strain is wholly upon two (2) Iron Bars 1¼ inches square, operating on these bars as if two men were pulling at each end in contrary direction, which will sustain a strain of 190,000 pounds each. With this Press two men can do all the packing or pressing of a 500 pound bale inside of eight minutes, and if need be, one man can operate, only requiring more time. This Press will not occupy more space than a Piano, and can be placed under the Gin and receive the Cotton direct from the Gin, thus doing away with Lint Rooms, and can be readily taken down and transported as it is simple and light. We can supply these Presses cheaper than any yet offered. Will send circulars to any desiring, and would advise all wanting Presses to withhold buying until they examine this. We will, at an early day, have one on exhibition in Atlanta, when it can be seen.

Press complete $175; Irons complete $125.

These presses are now being manufactured in Atlanta, Columbus, Augusta and Macon, and at all important points throughout the State, where its workings can be seen. All are assured that as between this Press and any other, there is no argument as to its merits over all others. With the Irons any ordinary workman can put up the Press. ☞ County Rights, Presses, or Irons for sale by

R. P. GLENN, Agent,
At Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse, Atlanta, Ga.

R. P. GLENN, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* I am so much pleased with the style, make and operation of the Utley Cotton Press, that I have concluded to order one of them from you for my plantation on the Mississippi River.

I do this, notwithstanding I have on my place a large and superior 10 inch Iron Screw Press, which cost upwards of $300 before the war. Believing that the saving of time and space, to say nothing of its superior baling qualities, and by reason of its great power, will more than repay its cost over the one now in use. I do not hesitate to recommend this Press to all who may require one.

Very Respectfully, A. J. HOLMES.
Atlanta, Ga.

R. P. GLENN, ESQ—*Dear Sir:* Having witnessed the operation of the "Utley Cotton Press," the great power exerted at the cost of so little labor which is performed by hand, and the small amount of room it occupies. I feel satisfied that it is as good, if not the best arrange ment for baling cotton that has come under my observation, and do do not hesitate in recommending it to those needing a Press.

Very respectfully, C. H. STRONG, of McDaniel & Strong, Warehouse and Cotton Factors, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., August 31, 1869.

R. P. GLENN, Esq: We have examined very carefully the "Utley" Cotton and Hay Press, as manufactured by you, and are perfectly satisfied it is greatly superior to any other Press now in use. It is simple in its construction, can be readily taken down and moved to where your Cotton or Hay may be, and as readily put up again. There is nothing about it that can get out of order, that a farmer can not himself repair. We have seen it tested and know that one strong man can press a bale much smaller than four mules can on any other Press we ever saw. One advantage is, it occupies so little space that it can be placed close to the lint room, or even in it, and save extra hauling of cotton.

Very respectfully, H. MARSHALL, Fulton County Agricultural Society.
MARK W. JOHNSON, Guano Merchant.

We, the undersigned, having witnessed the operations of the Utley Cotton Press, at the Warehouse of Glenn, Wright & Carr, must say that it is the most simple and powerful we have witnessed. With the e qualities are combined economy in space and labor. Mr. R. P. Glenn, the Agent exemplified fully that one man can exert more force in this Press, than can be done by four mules on any other. We have no hesitancy in recommending this Press to the farmers of Georgia, or in giving it as our opinion that the Utley Press supplies a desideratum long needed.

CAREY W. STYLES, Albany News, Albany, Ga.
H. M. BUENS, Greeneborough Herald.
CHARLES W. HANCOCK, Sumter Republican.
C. H. C. WILLINGHAM, Editor LaGrange Reporter.
DENNIS W. D. BOULLY, Hawkinsville Dispatch.
JAMES A. WRIGHT, Washington Gazette.
JOSEPH CLISBY, Macon Daily Telegraph.
J. F. SHECUT, Georgia Farm Journal, Madison, Ga.
S. R. WESTON, Dawson Journal, Dawson, Ga.
T. A. BURKE, Daily Journal and Messenger, Macon, Ga
W. A. HEMPHILL, Atlanta Constitution.
WM M. MITCHELL, Middle Georgian.
H. H. JONES, Appeal, Cuthbert, Ga.
M. C. FULTON, Athens, Georgia.

COLUMBUS, GA., August 31, 1869.

MR. R. P. GLENN: Jordan arrived, with the Utley Cotton Press, by last evening's train, and put it up to-day. A great many went to see it, and looked at it's performances with astonishment. They try to criticise it, but can't pick a flaw in it. They see its great power—y t nothing is strained. Its great simplicity astonishes. All who have bought Screws regret it, and I think many will throw them away and buy the Utley Press. I will at once close contracts for wood works. So send on Irons early as possible. Respectfully R. B. GUNBY.

ROME, GA., September 8, 1869.

MR. R. P. GLENN: Yours of the 5th received. I am more and more pleased with the Utley Press. As I wrote you, my first bale of rags weighed 900 lbs. The next days (Friday and Saturday,) with two men, I packed 18 bales weighing 700 lbs. Now, I would not, for any consideration, exchange this Press for any other—indeed, I could not get along without it. All who see it are delighted with it. I am now packing my lint cotton with it.

J. J. COHEN.

GRIFFIN, GA., September 15, 1869.

MR. R. P. GLENN: Mr. Rus P. Johnson delivered us the Utley Press yesterday, when we at once put it up in our warehouse, and packed one bale weigh ng 478 lbs. This morning we packed another bale weighing 545 lbs. each, with only two men—one good man could have done it by himself. Many planters were to see it; all were delighted with it; and two of our largest (Mr. Manly and Mr. Prichard) say they will sell—one an Alexander Press, and other a most improved Screw, for $50, being one-third of their cost—and buy the Utley Press. This, sir, is the Press for the planter—it is so convenient, powerful and simple, and is so easily taken down and put up.

RHEA & BOYD.
ARTHUR C. PRICHARD.
T. W. MANLEY.

We cheerfully subscribe to the above.
july31-d&wtf

CORN!

PROLIFIC CORN!

I have a species of Corn which I obtained from a man in Virginia some two years ago. This man and his Corn have been denounced as humbugs. I am not able to say whether the seed I obtained is the "Egyptain Corn" or not, but I do know from having grown it twice, that it is by far the most valuable species of Corn ever planted in this country. I am well satisfied that two crops of this Corn can be produced in the same year in this climate, and I know that on the same land, with the same seasons and culture, it will yield three times as much as any other kind of corn of which I have any knowledge. I have planted it for two years, and have realized large crops, literally without rain. In this exceedingly dry year, if all the farmers of Bartow County had planted this corn, we would have been worth a million of dollars more than we are, and the people would have rejoiced in abundance of bread. I have some of this Corn for sale, and will dispose of it to those who wish to purchase at $6 a peck, delivered to the Railroad Agent at Kingston, Ga.

This Corn can be grown and gathered in this climate by the 15th of August, which gives far more ample time to prepare for and sow wheat, or other small grain on the same land. All orders to receive attention must be accompanied with the money, prepaid. I do not wish to sell less than one peck to any one order. Address me at Kingston, Ga.

Sept. 28, 1869. J. C. ROPER, Kingston, Ga.

We the undersigned citizens of Bartow county, do certify, that we visited the plantation of J. C. Roper about the 1st of August, 1869, and examined his field planted in the kind of Corn mentioned and described in his foregoing statement, and said field looked fresh and luxuriant, whilst the fields around and adjacent, seemed literally burned up with the drought. We are satisfied that Capt. Roper's statement about the Corn is true, and the undersigned, Lewis Tumlin, has already secured from him, seed to plant a large part of his crop the coming year. We counted twenty-three ears of corn produced from three grains this dry year. In our judgment, it is by far the most valuable Corn ever introduced into this country.

L. TUMLIN, Cartersville, Ga.
MARK A. HARDIN, Kingston, Ga.

Sept. 28, 1869.

Capt. J. C. Roper, of Kingston, Ga., gave me a few ears of Corn, which I planted on a piece of gray upland. The land was very well prepared, and pretty well matured, and the Corn planted the 7th day of April, 1869. I know, that from the time the Corn was waist high, until it was well glazed in the grain, there never was a "season" of rain upon it, and yet was green and fresh until maturity, and did not seem to suffer from drought. The yield was extraordinary and the Corn attracted the attention of almost every passer by. I am no farmer, and had of course but a small plat of ground planted in this Corn, but if my judgment is worth anything, I can say, that if I had planted this Corn altogether, I would have made, in this dry year, three or four times as much Corn as I did.

GEO. N. LESTER,
oct1-dtf

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-dly

B. A. WISE,

80 and 82 Mulberry Street,

MACON, GEORGIA,

Importer of

CHINA, CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

Dealer in

COAL OIL, LAMP BURNERS AND WICK,

Would call the attention of Buyers to his Large and Splendid Stock of Goods.

PLAIN, DECORATED AND GOLD BAND DINNER AND TEA SETS.

I am Importing my Crockery direct to Savannah, and flatter myself that

I CAN OFFER MERCHAHTS AND HOUSE-KEEPERS SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES

In purchashing their Crockery, China, and Glass-ware of me.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.

☞ Goods Carefully Packed and Shipped to any part of the State.

Address: B. A. WISE,
sept8—d3m MACON, GA.

NEW CLOTHING! NEW CLOTHING!

New Store! New Goods!

NEW SYSTEM!

THE undersigned take great pleasure in informing the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country that they have opened in the large and commodious Store, formerly occupied by J. H. White & Co., next door to Meador & Bro., Whitehall Street, where we intend to keep permanently one of the largest stocks of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

ever brought to this market. From our continued connection for the past thirty years, with the manufacture of Clothing, especially adapted for the Southern market, and the many facilities and advantages we enjoy in New York City, where, exclusively, we manufacture our goods, we are enabled to offer you our entire Stock, which comprises all kinds of superior goods at very low prices. We shall have but ONE PRICE and will sell our goods for cash only. This will insure fair dealing to all. Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

I. L. FALK & CO.,
Whitehall Street.

Manufactory 44 Murray Street, New York. Store in Savannah, Ga., No. 146 Congress Street and 65 St Julian Street. Store in Charleston, S. C., 157 Meeting and 308 King Street. sept2-d3m

DIXIE COMING OUT OF THE ASHES!

A NEW WOOLEN MILL,

Located Seven Miles South of Marietta, Ga.

THE CONCORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY are now manufacturing WOOLEN GOODS for men's wear, adapted to the Southern trade. We warant our goods to be durable and of superior finish, and equal to the same class of goods manufactured East. We invite the attention of purchasers to the many handsome styles of goods now on hand, and being manufactured for the FALL AND WINTER TRADE. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

We also, MANUFACTURE WOOL INTO CLOTH OF DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS ON SHARES, or charge a reasonable amount per yard for same.

OUR CUSTOM ROLL CARDS

Are in successful operation, giving general satisfaction. We

CARD WOOL FOR TOLL OR CASH.

Our Rolls can be be had in Atlanta and Marietta.

Messrs. MOORE & MARSH are the Agents for the sale of our goods in Atlanta.

☞ For any information address:
sep9-d3m J. B. DANIELL, Agent,
Marietta, Ga.

THE GEORGIA PAPER MILL,

Carroll County, Ga.,

WILL pay cash for Rags, Rope, Bagging and old Papers. Orders solicited for Wrapping, Manilla and Print Paper.

New Mill, Pure Water, Live Men. Prices Low. Terms cash. All inquiries promptly answered.

Address: M. P. KELLOGG,
Pres. Co., "College Temple, Newnan, Ga.
oct17-d3m

M. E. JONES & CO.,

Practical Slaters,

Atlanta, - - - - Georgia.

POST-OFFICE BOX 90.

SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at the lowest rates and in the best manner.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Orders addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

All work warranted.

Also, Agents for Georgia Slate. oct21-d3m

FFF

ROME MILLS
STEWART & AUSTIN
GA.
98lbs.

[TRADE MARK.]

THE LETTER F, FF and FFF, as a mark to distinguish various grades of Flour, was first introduced by J. A. Stewart, in the city of Atlanta, in 1860. This brand has been known as

STEWART'S FLOUR,

and has always been popular. Other millers are now using the Fs. Dealers will know the genuine Stewart Flour by the above TRADE MARK.
oct6-d3m

Railroads.

1869.

Summer Arrangement!

—:o:—

GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE

TO THE NORTH AND EAST

—VIA—

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI

—OR—

INDIANAPOLIS

—:o:—

Passengers by this Route have choice of

Twenty-five Different Routes to

NEW YORK

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers holding tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, can visit Washington without extra charge.

—:o:—

☞ Fare Same as via Knoxville or Augusta.

—:o:—

On and After August 15th, 1869.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA

Daily at 8:15 a. m. and 7:25 p. m.,

After arriv of all Southern Trains, and make close connections to above named cities.

—:o:—

☞ Check Baggage to Louisville, and it will be re-checked to destination on Trains of Louisville and Nashville Railroad before arrival at Louisville.

—:o:—

Magnificent Sleeping Cars

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

—:o:—

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS AT GOOD HOTELS.

—:o:—

ASK FOR TICKETS

VIA LOUISVILLE.

—:o:—

General Ticket Office, Atlanta.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
E. B. WALKER, Master Transportation.
E. B. HULBERT, Superintendent,
doc13-d Western and Atlantic Railway.

DAILY PASSENGER LINE

BETWEEN

ATLANTA & NEW YORK

Philadelphia, Washington,

AND OTHER

EASTERN CITIES!

—VIA—

Western and Atlantic

—AND—

VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE

RAILWAYS!

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

Time Table, Aug. 15, 1869:

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	7:25 P. M.
Leave Dalton	2:30 A. M.
Leave Knoxville	11:15 "
Leave Bristol	7:38 P. M.
Leave Lynchburg	9:00 A. M.
Leave Alexandria	5:45 P. M.
Leave Washington	6:30 "
Arrive at New York	6:00 A. M.

SOUTH.

Leave New York	8:40 P. M
Leave Alexandria	7:30 A. M
Leave Lynchburg	4:40 P. M
Leave Bristol	5:37 A. M.
Leave Knoxville	1:14 P. M.
Leave Dalton	8:40 "
Arrive at Atlanta	3:15 A. M.

Time Between Atlanta & New York,
☞59 Hours and 35 Minutes.☜

☞ *The GREAT MAIL, between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.*

SLEEPING COACHES ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

THROUGH TICKETS GOOD UNTIL USED,

—AND—

Baggage Checked Through

—TO—

ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.

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PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april1-d3m

Commission and Tobacco Merchants.

1869 Jordan, Howard & Harralson, 1869

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

TOBACCO, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c.

—OF—

All the Choice Brands and Qualities.

—AT—

jan7 LOWEST CASH PRICE.

MEADOR & BROS.,

TOBACCO

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS!

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

3,000 Boxes Various Brands, Styles and Qualities of Chewing and Smoking Tobaccoes,

ALL AT

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES!

We Make Cigars of the Best Material, and Guarantee the Smoking Qualities and Workmanship as Good as any Made in the United States.

Sole Agents for E. T. Pilkinton's Brands of Chewing and Smoking Tobaccoes,

FRUITS AND FLOWERS, COMMONWEALTH, &C.

aug7-d3m

Drugs, etc.

THE LIVE DRUG STORE.

"The Live Drug Store."

"The Live Drug Store."

REDWINE & FOX,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS AND

—DEALERS IN—

BELGIAN French and American Window Glass Also, French and Belgian Plate Glass Show Windows, and Rough Plate for Floors and Skylights.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS GIVEN

When orders are taken three months in advance, so as to allow time for DIRECT IMPORTATION.

Orders Taken for all Kinds of

COLORED AND ENAMELED GLASS.

may1-aug18 d6m REDWINE & FOX.

M. O. MARKHAM,

Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES, LEATHER, CALF SKINS,

SHOE FINDINGS, ETC.,

Empire Block, Whitehall St.,

Atlanta, Georgia.

oct14-d3m

T. A. CHASTAIN. W. K. FOX.

CHASTAIN & FOX,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FURNITURE DEALERS,

NO. 4, GRANITE BLOCK,

Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

WE have now in Store the best assorted Stock of Furniture in the city, which we offer at prices that defy competition, consisting of Parlor, Bedroom, and Office Furniture in suits or single.

BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS,

SIDEBOARDS, 1-4 MARBLE AND FULL MARBLE,

BOOK-CASES, WARDROBES,

HAT RACKS, WASHSTANDS, ETC.,

PLAIN AND MARBLE TOP

The Largest Lot of Chairs that was ever in the city at one time, all of which we offer at

WHOLESALE FACTORY PRICES IN LOUISVILLE, KY., ETC.

Now is your time to Buy Cheap and Good Bargains. We are determined to sell goods lower than can be bought here. Dealers will do well to examine our Stock before going North, as they will save cost of transportation. Ladies especially are invited to call and examine this stock. Don't forget the place,

GRANITE BLOCK BROAD STREET.

sep30-d3m

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

IN pursuance of the terms of a Deed of Trust made by J. S. Reeve in favor of all his creditors, I, as Trustee, will sell at public outcry, for cash, on the 20th day of October, 1869, and from day to day, until all is sold, in a Store Room adjoining the National Hotel, on Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., a stock consisting of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Trunks and all articles of whatever description in said store room.

T. M. ELYEA.
sep30-tds

S. R. MCCAMY. T. B. MCCAMY.

S. R. McCAMY & SON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Dealers in all kinds of

Groceries, Grain and Provisions,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

No. 20 Alabama Street, - - - Atlanta, Ga.

sep7-d3m